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DEMOGRAPHY

Population

Historical

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lonsdale, the first enumeration of the people was taken by an officer from Sydney on 25 May 1836, less than one year after the date of the arrival of John Batman (29 May 1835). This was the first official census in Victoria, which was at that time known as the District of Port Phillip, and it disclosed that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females of European origin.

At the Census taken in 1838, it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. By the Census of 1851 the population had reached 77,345.

The discovery of gold in 1851 gave considerable impetus to the growth of population in Victoria. The intercensal increase in the decade 1851 to 1861 was 461,283. This increase, on a base population of 77,345, is noteworthy when compared with an increase of 767,185 on a base population of 2,452,341, in the twelve years from 1954 to 1966.

The 1850s and the 1950s represented the two outstanding periods of gain from migration into Victoria. An extended period of emigration from Victoria, mainly to Western Australia following discoveries of gold, was experienced between 1892 and 1907. In each of the years 1896, 1902, and 1903, due to the net loss from migration exceeding the gain from natural increase, a fall in total population was recorded. Falls were also recorded in 1915 and 1916, but these reflected embarkations on overseas service, which were taken into account in population estimates during the First World War.

Following the Second World War, coinciding with the generally increased level of migration, natural increase maintained a higher level than during the great economic depression of the late 1920s and early 1930s, but did not attain the yet higher levels characteristic of the earlier years of settlement. In Victoria, natural increase figures decreased each year from 1961 to 1966, but increased in 1967.

The estimated population of Victoria at the end of 1967 was 3,303,631 including Aborigines.

Census Populations 1933 to 1966

General

The following table shows the census populations excluding Aborigines of Australian States from 1933 to 1966 :

AUSTRALIA—CENSUS POPULATIONS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES

State or Territory	Population at Census of—				
	1933	1947	1954	1961	1966
New South Wales ..	2,600,847	2,984,838	3,423,529	3,917,013	4,233,823
Victoria	1,820,261	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113	3,219,526
Queensland	947,534	1,106,415	1,318,259	1,518,828	1,663,685
South Australia ..	580,949	646,073	797,094	969,340	1,091,875
Western Australia ..	438,852	502,480	639,771	736,629	836,673
Tasmania	227,599	257,078	308,752	350,340	371,416
Northern Territory ..	4,850	10,868	16,469	27,095	37,433
Australian Capital Territory	8,947	16,905	30,315	58,828	96,013
Australia	6,629,839	7,579,358	8,986,530	10,508,186	11,550,444

The following table shows the average annual rate of increase of population in each State and Territory and in Australia during intercensal periods from 1933 to 1966. It can be seen, that for the past 20 years figures for Victoria have shown the highest growth rate for the three eastern mainland States. However, the results of the 1961 and 1966 Censuses demonstrate a slowing down of the growth rate in all States except Western Australia, and the Australian Capital Territory.

AUSTRALIA—AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE OF INCREASE OF POPULATION DURING INTERCENSAL PERIODS

(Per Cent)

State or Territory	Intercensal Period			
	1933-1947	1947-1954	1954-1961	1961-1966
New South Wales ..	0·99	1·98	1·94	1·57
Victoria	0·87	2·56	2·58	1·90
Queensland	1·11	2·53	2·04	1·84
South Australia ..	0·76	3·05	2·83	2·41
Western Australia ..	0·97	3·51	2·03	2·58
Tasmania	0·87	2·65	1·82	1·18
Northern Territory ..	5·93	6·12	7·37	6·68
Australian Capital Territory	4·65	8·70	9·94	10·29
Australia	0·96	2·46	2·26	1·91

Numbers and rates of natural increase, i.e., excess of births over deaths in each State and Territory between 1931 and 1967 are given in the following tables :

AUSTRALIA—NATURAL INCREASE

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
ANNUAL AVERAGES									
1931-1940* ..	22,159	10,811	9,880	3,716	4,396	2,438	32	138	53,570
1941-1950* ..	34,041	21,292	15,681	8,003	7,006	3,768	131	472	90,394
1951-1960 ..	43,607	33,948	20,980	11,554	10,930	5,523	468	946	127,956
ANNUAL TOTALS									
1963.. ..	46,839	38,729	22,659	13,166	11,314	5,712	698	1,678	140,795
1964.. ..	41,031	37,442	20,449	11,960	10,256	5,078	747	1,592	128,555
1965.. ..	39,120	35,519	19,437	12,103	9,912	4,492	753	1,803	123,139
1966.. ..	37,212	35,335	17,982	10,996	10,235	4,242	818	1,877	118,697
1967.. ..	39,228	37,112	19,956	11,315	11,244	4,319	1,394	2,025	126,593

* Excess of births over civilian deaths for period September 1939 to June 1947.

AUSTRALIA—NATURAL INCREASE PER 1,000 OF THE MEAN POPULATION

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
ANNUAL AVERAGES									
1931-1940* ..	8.32	5.87	10.14	6.33	9.74	10.50	5.73	13.18†	7.92
1941-1950* ..	11.53	10.45	14.35	12.50	14.02	14.83	11.86	28.03†	12.04
1951-1960 ..	12.32	13.20	15.55	13.81	16.50	17.23	26.49	26.63†	13.71
ANNUAL TOTALS‡									
1963.. ..	11.57	12.74	14.45	13.07	14.55	15.84	23.19	22.89	12.91
1964.. ..	10.00	12.06	12.78	11.57	12.87	13.93	22.70	19.78	11.56
1965.. ..	9.38	11.23	11.91	11.38	12.17	12.21	21.42	20.40	10.86
1966.. ..	8.79	10.98	10.82	10.08	12.24	11.42	21.93	19.46	10.28
1967.. ..	9.10	11.32	11.72	10.18	12.82	11.47	23.45	19.52	10.71

* Excess of births over civilian deaths for period September 1939 to June 1947.

† Rates affected by special local features.

‡ Rates have been re-calculated on the basis of a new series of intercensal population estimates. When the final results of the Census become available the rates may be further revised.

The populations of Australian capital cities at each Census, 1933 to 1966, are shown in the following table :

AUSTRALIA—POPULATIONS OF CAPITAL CITIES*

Metropolitan Area	Population at Census of—				
	1933	1947	1954	1961	1966
Sydney	1,235,267	1,484,004	1,863,161	2,197,022	2,446,345
Melbourne	991,934	1,226,409	1,524,111	1,858,534	2,110,168
Brisbane	299,748	402,030	502,320	587,634	718,822
Adelaide	312,619	382,454	483,508	580,449	727,916
Perth	207,440	272,528	348,647	423,930	499,969
Hobart	60,406	76,534	95,206	110,217	119,469
Canberra	7,325	15,156	28,277	55,746	92,308
Total	3,114,739	3,859,115	4,845,230	5,813,532	6,714,997
Percentage of Australia	47	51	54	55	58

* Some of the apparent increase in the percentage of total population living in capital cities is due to periodic revision and extension of Metropolitan boundaries; in particular the 1966 Census figures have been based on the "Linge Concepts" explained on pages 124 and 125. Figures for 1961 in the above table have been revised in accordance with these concepts.

Sydney has been the most populous city in Australia since 1902. However, the absolute increase in population in Melbourne over the period 1954 to 1966 has slightly exceeded the increase in Sydney over the same period.

The growth which has taken place in Victoria since the 1930s is evidenced by the fact that during the 33 years from 1933 to 1966 the increase in population was 1,399,265 compared with an increase of 619,191 over the same number of years from 1901 to 1933, representing a percentage increase of 76·87 per cent and 51·55 per cent on the respective base populations.

Between 1947 and 1966, Victoria's population increased by 1,164,825. Of this increase 501,998 (43·1 per cent) were born overseas, mainly in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland, Italy, Greece, Malta, Germany, and the Netherlands. In 1966, 32 per cent of Australia's overseas born lived in Victoria, and 21 per cent of the State's population were overseas born.

The population of Victoria at each Census from 1901 to 1966, and the numerical and percentage increase during each intercensal period, are shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—POPULATION

Year of Census	Persons				Males			Females		
	Popula- tion	Intercensal Increase		Popula- tion	Intercensal Increase		Popula- tion	Intercensal Increase		
		Numeri- cal	Per- centage		Numeri- cal	Per- centage		Numeri- cal	Per- centage	
1901 ..	1,201,070	60,982*	5·35*	603,720	5,498*	0·92*	597,350	55,484*	10·24*	
1911 ..	1,315,551	114,481	9·53	655,591	51,871	8·59	659,960	62,610	10·48	
1921 ..	1,531,280	215,729	16·40	754,724	39,133	15·12	776,556	116,596	17·67	
1933 ..	1,820,261	288,981	18·87	903,244	148,520	19·68	917,017	140,461	18·09	
1947 ..	2,054,701	234,440	12·88	1,013,867	110,623	12·25	1,040,834	123,817	13·50	
1954 ..	2,452,341	397,640	19·35	1,231,099	217,232	21·43	1,221,242	180,408	17·33	
1961 ..	2,930,113	477,772	19·48	1,474,395	243,296	19·76	1,455,718	234,476	19·20	
1966 ..	3,219,526	289,413	9·88	1,613,904	139,509	9·46	1,605,622	149,904	10·30	

* Since 1891.

An analysis of intercensal increases in the population of Victoria between 1933 and 1966 is made in the following table :

VICTORIA—ANALYSIS OF INTERCENSAL INCREASES IN POPULATION

Intercensal Period	Population at End of Period	Total Increase	Natural Increase	Net Migration*
1933 to 1947	2,054,701	234,440	192,260	42,180
1947 to 1954	2,452,341	397,640	192,741	204,899
1954 to 1961	2,930,113	477,772	256,420	221,352
1961 to 1966	3,219,526	289,413	189,372	100,041

* Net intercensal gain after deducting natural increase from total increase.

For purposes of the 1966 Census (see pages 124 and 125), the Melbourne Statistical Division and Melbourne Metropolitan Area, previously conterminous, became separate entities. The boundary of the Melbourne Metropolitan Area, located within the long term Melbourne Statistical Division, shows the limits of urban development about the Capital city at Census dates. Simultaneously with the defining of the Melbourne Statistical Division the former Central Statistical Division became reduced and divided, and the two parts were named the West Central Statistical Division and East Central Statistical Division, respectively. The boundaries of these new Statistical Divisions are shown in a map of Victoria to be found in the pocket at the back cover of this Year Book.

The population in statistical divisions at Census dates from 1933 to 1966 is given in the following table :

VICTORIA—POPULATION IN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS

Statistical Division	Census*				
	1933	1947	1954	1961	1966
Melbourne	1,094,269	1,341,382	1,589,185	1,984,815†	2,230,580
West Central	76,345	82,739	107,163	129,843	147,684
North Central	58,860	54,780	67,657	63,085	64,124
Western	158,374	159,368	180,051	198,022	203,350
Wimmera	61,131	54,171	57,686	58,799	59,989
Mallee	63,404	52,770	58,070	62,952	64,967
Northern	128,766	121,674	139,977	156,364	167,280
North Eastern	59,736	60,160	78,770	86,406	86,711
Gippsland	83,905	91,400	128,531	149,051	155,556
East Central	33,893	32,406	37,210	36,167†	36,297
Migratory	1,578	3,851	8,041	4,609	2,988
Total	1,820,261	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113	3,219,526

* Figures from 1933 to 1961 have been adjusted to show population in Statistical Divisions as defined for the Census 30 June 1966. Figures for Melbourne and East Central Statistical Divisions for 1933, 1947, and 1954 have been estimated.

† Revised.

The following table shows the natural increase and net migration components of increases of population in statistical divisions between Censuses over the period 1954 to 1966. In the table "net migration" is considered to be the net intercensal gain or loss of population, after deducting natural increase.

VICTORIA—COMPONENTS OF INTERCENSAL CHANGES IN POPULATIONS OF STATISTICAL DIVISIONS, CENSUSES 1954 TO 1966

Statistical Division	Population At Census 1954	1954-1961		Population at Census 1961	1961-1966		Population at Census 1966
		Natural Increase	Net Migration*		Natural Increase	Net Migration*	
Melbourne ..	1,589,185	167,209†	250,058†	1,984,815§	122,554	123,211§	2,230,580
West Central ..	107,163	.. †	.. †	129,843	9,022	- 8,819	147,684
North Central ..	67,657	5,587	- 10,159	63,085	3,215	- 2,176	64,124
Western ..	180,051	20,738	- 2,767	198,022	12,537	- 7,209	203,350
Wimmera ..	57,686	6,388	- 5,275	58,799	3,892	- 2,702	59,989
Mallee ..	58,070	10,044	- 5,162	62,952	6,460	- 4,445	64,967
Northern ..	139,977	17,680	- 1,293	156,364	12,011	- 1,095	167,280
North Eastern ..	78,770	8,290	- 654	86,406	5,189	- 4,884	86,711
Gippsland ..	128,531	20,484	36	149,051	12,323	- 5,818	155,556
East Central ..	37,210	.. †	.. †	36,167§	2,169	- 2,039§	36,297
Migratory ..	8,041	..	- 3,432	4,609	..	- 1,621	2,988
Total ..	2,452,341	256,420	221,352	2,930,113	189,372	100,041	3,219,526

NOTE.—In the above table, populations of statistical divisions in 1954 and 1961 have been adjusted to conform with boundaries as defined at the 1966 Census. Figures shown for natural increase in the Metropolitan, West Central, and East Central Statistical Divisions have been estimated. As changes affecting the North Central and Northern Statistical Divisions had only slight effect on population, figures of components of increase for these divisions have been shown without adjustment.

Minus (-) sign denotes decrease.

* Total increase less natural increase.

† Figures for Melbourne, West Central, and East Central Statistical Divisions. Separate figures not available.

‡ See note to Melbourne Statistical Division.

§ Revised.

Population of the Melbourne Statistical Division and Remainder of the State

The figures in the following table have been re-calculated on the basis of the boundary of the Melbourne Statistical Division as determined at the 1966 Census. The table shows that as early as the 1921 Census the population of the Melbourne Statistical Division exceeded that of the rest of the State.

VICTORIA—POPULATION OF VICTORIA, MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION, AND REMAINDER OF THE STATE

Census Year	Population				
	Victoria	Melbourne Statistical Division*		Remainder of State	
		Number	Percentage of Victoria	Number	Percentage of Victoria
1901 ..	1,201,070	535,008	44·54	666,062	55·46
1911 ..	1,315,551	643,027	48·88	672,524	51·12
1921 ..	1,531,280	863,692	56·40	667,588	43·60
1933 ..	1,820,261	1,094,269	60·12	725,992	39·88
1947 ..	2,054,701	1,341,382	65·28	713,319	34·72
1954 ..	2,452,341	1,589,185	64·80	863,156	35·20
1961 ..	2,930,113	1,984,815§	67·74	945,298§	32·26
1966 ..	3,219,526	2,230,580	69·28	988,946	30·72

* Area as defined for Census, 30 June 1966.

§ Revised.

Ages of the Population

Numerical and percentage changes in the ages of the population in age groups for each intercensal period from 1947 to 1966 are given in the following table :

VICTORIA—AGES* OF THE POPULATION : PERCENTAGE INTERCENSAL INCREASES, 1947 TO 1966

Age Group (Years)	Population at Census				Percentage Increase		
	1947	1954	1961	1966	1947-1954	1954-1961	1961-1966
0-4	197,239	258,335	307,532	320,581	30.98	19.04	4.24
5-9	154,111	238,857	288,770	320,587	54.99	20.90	11.02
10-14	135,393	180,807	277,854	298,725	33.54	53.67	7.51
15-19	151,994	153,721	219,365	289,716	1.14	42.70	32.07
20-24	165,883	160,930	195,076	237,896	- 2.99	21.22	21.95
25-29	159,483	194,470	186,724	209,731	21.94	- 3.98	12.32
30-34	160,325	195,595	209,542	194,382	22.00	7.13	- 7.24
35-39	151,734	173,694	217,856	216,297	14.47	25.43	- 0.72
40-44	139,302	172,584	187,624	217,853	23.89	8.71	16.11
45-49	133,002	152,358	181,826	186,125	14.55	19.34	2.36
50-54	122,875	137,512	158,846	176,845	11.91	15.51	11.33
55-59	112,040	114,856	131,730	150,817	2.51	14.69	14.49
60-64	89,379	108,442	115,027	122,989	21.33	6.07	6.92
65-69	68,608	83,158	95,755	100,326	21.21	15.15	4.77
70-74	49,523	58,227	73,610	78,660	17.58	26.42	6.86
75-79	35,129	36,970	45,364	54,474	5.24	22.70	20.08
80-84	19,569	20,454	24,232	28,078	4.52	18.47	15.87
85-89	7,397	8,733	10,080	11,546	18.06	15.42	14.54
90-94	1,505	2,346	2,809	3,269	55.88	19.74	16.38
95-99	199	276	451	582	38.69	63.41	29.05
100 and over ..	11	16	40	47	45.45	150.00	17.50
Total	2,054,701	2,452,341	2,930,113	3,219,526	19.35	19.48	9.88
Under 21	670,448	861,456	1,133,379	1,280,838	28.49	31.57	13.01
21-64	1,202,312	1,380,705	1,544,393	1,661,706	14.84	11.86	7.60
65 and over ..	181,941	210,180	252,341	276,982	15.52	20.06	9.76

* Recorded ages, adjusted by distribution of unspecified ages.

Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

The age distribution of the population has shown considerable change over the last 33 years. Most notable is the growth of the under 21 years group.

The following table shows the proportion of population in each age group at Censuses from 1933 to 1966 :

**VICTORIA—PROPORTIONS OF POPULATION IN AGE
GROUPS*
(Per Cent)**

Age Last Birthday (Years)	Census				
	1933	1947	1954	1961	1966
0- 4	7.94	9.60	10.53	10.50	9.96
5- 9	9.01	7.50	9.74	9.85	9.96
10-14	8.99	6.59	7.37	9.48	9.28
15-19	8.85	7.40	6.27	7.49	9.00
20-24	8.53	8.07	6.56	6.66	7.39
25-29	8.01	7.76	7.93	6.37	6.51
30-34	7.58	7.80	7.98	7.15	6.04
35-39	7.29	7.39	7.08	7.43	6.72
40-44	7.05	6.78	7.04	6.40	6.77
45-49	6.08	6.47	6.21	6.20	5.78
50-54	5.08	5.98	5.61	5.42	5.49
55-59	4.15	5.45	4.68	4.50	4.68
60-64	3.88	4.35	4.42	3.93	3.82
65-69	3.29	3.34	3.39	3.27	3.12
70-74	2.35	2.41	2.38	2.51	2.44
75-79	1.23	1.71	1.51	1.55	1.69
80-84	0.46	0.95	0.83	0.83	0.87
85-89	0.18	0.36	0.36	0.34	0.36
90 and over	0.05	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.12
All Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Under 21	36.57	32.63	35.13	38.68	39.79
21-64	55.87	58.57	56.30	52.71	51.61
65 and over	7.56	8.80	8.57	8.61	8.60

* Recorded ages adjusted by distribution of unspecified ages.

The ratio of males to females in age groups, at each Census from 1933 to 1966, is given in the following table :

VICTORIA—MASCULINITY* OF POPULATION IN AGE GROUPS†

Age Last Birthday (Years)	1933	1947	1954	1961	1966
0-4	104·11	104·59	104·78	105·02	105·11
5-9	104·32	104·07	104·76	105·43	105·02
10-14	103·59	103·13	104·00	104·70	105·30
15-19	101·66	101·93	105·11	105·38	104·31
20-24	100·97	98·04	108·47	106·81	102·55
25-29	103·75	97·47	108·93	108·48	105·65
30-34	101·93	97·11	105·66	110·07	107·07
35-39	92·44	100·75	102·26	105·67	108·37
40-44	94·34	105·25	105·37	102·83	104·26
45-49	96·03	99·81	107·60	103·42	102·15
50-54	95·49	92·13	102·83	104·90	100·88
55-59	92·26	93·81	92·01	102·96	102·16
60-64	88·53	89·07	85·99	88·45	96·54
65-69	92·07	84·45	83·43	77·79	80·03
70-74	90·60	77·44	75·41	73·81	68·62
75-79	87·39	75·56	68·96	66·56	63·31
80-84	72·66	72·51	62·29	58·24	54·66
85-89	62·61	64·41	59·77	51·28	46·45
90-94	57·20	56·93	50·10	47·76	39·88
95-99	39·13	50·76	35·29	37·50	33·79
100 and over..	33·33	10·00	33·33	25·00	17·50
All Ages ..	98·50	97·41	100·81	101·28	100·52

* Number of males per 100 females.

† Recorded ages adjusted by distribution of unspecified ages.

Census 1966

The following table shows the age distribution of the population of Victoria by sex in five-year age groups at the Censuses of 1961 and 1966 :

VICTORIA—AGE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION

Age Last Birthday (Years)	Census 1961			Census 1966			Increase in Persons 1961 to 1966
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
0-4	157,534	149,998	307,532	164,283	156,298	320,581	13,049
5-9	148,199	140,571	288,770	164,216	156,371	320,587	31,817
10-14	142,119	135,735	277,854	153,220	145,505	298,725	20,871
15-19	112,556	106,809	219,365	147,914	141,802	289,716	70,351
20-24	100,750	94,326	195,076	120,447	117,449	237,896	42,820
25-29	97,160	89,564	186,724	107,745	101,986	209,731	23,007
30-34	109,792	99,750	209,542	100,508	93,874	194,382	-15,160
35-39	111,929	105,927	217,856	112,493	103,804	216,297	-1,559
40-44	95,120	92,504	187,624	111,196	106,657	217,853	30,229
45-49	92,443	89,383	181,826	94,051	92,074	186,125	4,299
50-54	81,322	77,524	158,846	88,808	88,037	176,845	17,999
55-59	66,826	64,904	131,730	76,214	74,603	150,817	19,087
60-64	53,988	61,039	115,027	60,411	62,578	122,989	7,962
65-69	41,897	53,858	95,755	44,600	55,726	100,326	4,571
70-74	31,258	42,352	73,610	32,010	46,650	78,660	5,050
75-79	18,127	27,237	45,364	21,117	33,357	54,474	9,110
80-84	8,919	15,313	24,232	9,923	18,155	28,078	3,846
85-89	3,417	6,663	10,080	3,662	7,884	11,546	1,466
90-94	908	1,901	2,809	932	2,337	3,269	460
95-99	123	328	451	147	435	582	131
100 and over ..	8	32	40	7	40	47	7
Total ..	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526	289,413
Under 21 ..	581,042	552,337	1,133,379	655,694	625,144	1,280,838	147,459
21-64 ..	788,696	755,697	1,544,393	845,812	815,894	1,661,706	117,313
65 and over ..	104,657	147,684	252,341	112,398	164,584	276,982	24,641
Total ..	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526	289,413

NOTE.—Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

The Censuses of 1961 and 1966 show the nationality of the population as follows :

VICTORIA—NATIONALITY OF THE POPULATION

Nationality	Census 1961			Census 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
British*—						
Born in Australia	1,161,006	1,199,417	2,360,423	1,249,368	1,289,560	2,538,928
Born outside Australia ..	198,484	165,744	364,228	255,273	219,718	474,991
Total British	1,359,490	1,365,161	2,724,651	1,504,641	1,509,278	3,013,919
Foreign—						
Austrian ..	3,000	2,069	5,069	1,941	1,438	3,379
Dutch ..	15,091	12,540	27,631	8,655	7,394	16,049
German ..	13,448	10,456	23,904	8,529	6,903	15,432
Greek ..	14,705	13,449	28,154	26,104	27,337	53,441
Hungarian ..	3,120	2,317	5,437	1,230	949	2,179
Italian ..	37,507	30,821	68,328	37,499	34,030	71,529
Polish ..	4,538	3,629	8,167	2,838	2,414	5,252
Russian† ..	1,448	1,215	2,663	1,102	922	2,024
Spanish ..	490	300	790	1,536	1,269	2,805
U.S. American ..	1,427	976	2,403	1,790	1,265	3,055
Yugoslav ..	6,570	3,823	10,393	8,029	5,678	13,707
Other (Including Stateless) ..	13,561	8,962	22,523	10,010	6,745	16,755
Total Foreign	114,905	90,557	205,462	109,263	96,344	205,607
Grand Total ..	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526

* All persons of individual citizenship status who by virtue of the *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948* are deemed to be British subjects. For purposes of this table Irish nationality is included with British.

† Includes Ukrainian.

The following table shows the birthplace of the population at the Censuses of 1961 and 1966 :

VICTORIA—BIRTHPLACE OF THE POPULATION

Birthplace	Census 1961			Census 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Australia	1,161,006	1,199,417	2,360,423	1,249,368	1,289,560	2,538,928
New Zealand	5,624	5,852	11,476	5,738	5,945	11,683
Europe—						
United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland ..	108,693	97,676	206,369	124,415	114,991	239,406
Germany	20,723	18,568	39,291	18,982	18,288	37,270
Greece	17,246	14,517	31,763	32,884	31,391	64,275
Italy	52,110	38,965	91,075	61,091	50,128	111,219
Malta	10,216	7,628	17,844	14,804	11,648	26,452
Netherlands	20,201	16,083	36,284	19,092	15,554	34,646
Poland	13,807	9,988	23,795	13,986	10,711	24,697
Yugoslavia	10,867	6,351	17,218	14,574	10,060	24,634
Other	32,037	23,950	55,987	31,082	24,496	55,578
Total Europe	285,900	233,726	519,626	330,910	287,267	618,177
Other Birthplaces	21,865	16,723	38,588	27,888	22,850	50,738
Grand Total	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526

The next table shows the period of residence in Australia, at Censuses of 1961 and 1966, of persons who were born outside Australia :

VICTORIA—PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA OF PERSONS WHO WERE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA

Number of Completed Years of Residence	Census 1961			Census 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Under 1 ..	24,855	17,313	42,168	24,474	21,213	45,687
1	16,376	13,499	29,875	20,061	17,973	38,034
2	16,279	15,451	31,730	19,153	17,784	36,937
3	13,428	15,442	28,870	15,352	14,184	29,536
4	15,079	15,672	30,751	11,349	12,884	24,233
Under 5 ..	86,017	77,377	163,394	90,389	84,038	174,427
5 and under 12 ..	} 221,386	173,906	395,292 {	104,277	96,881	201,158
12 and over ..				161,959	128,470	290,429
Not Stated ..				7,911	6,673	14,584
Born outside Australia ..	313,389	256,301	569,690	364,536	316,062	680,598
Born in Australia	1,161,006	1,199,417	2,360,423	1,249,368	1,289,560	2,538,928
Total ..	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526

The following table shows the population of Victoria classified according to marital status at the Censuses of 1961 and 1966 :

VICTORIA—MARITAL STATUS OF POPULATION

Marital Status	Census 1961			Census 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Never Married—						
Under Fifteen Years of Age	447,852	426,304	874,156	481,719	458,174	939,893
Fifteen Years of Age and over	303,290	222,756	526,046	344,297	260,300	604,597
Total—Never Married ..	751,142	649,060	1,400,202	826,016	718,474	1,544,490
Married	664,992	660,473	1,325,465	725,320	722,267	1,447,587
Married but Separated ..	18,302	21,927	40,229	19,938	24,134	44,072
Widowed	31,497	113,940	145,437	32,875	128,311	161,186
Divorced	8,462	10,318	18,780	9,755	12,436	22,191
Total	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526

The following table shows the religion of the population at the Censuses of 1961 and 1966 :

VICTORIA—RELIGION OF THE POPULATION

Religion	Census 1961			Census 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
CHRISTIAN—						
Baptist	18,225	20,402	38,627	19,469	21,950	41,419
Brethren	1,558	1,799	3,357	1,605	1,741	3,346
Catholic, Roman*	134,536	116,287	250,823	134,108	119,839	253,947
Catholic*	254,236	257,676	511,912	314,704	320,844	635,548
Churches of Christ	17,883	20,056	37,939	18,560	20,703	39,263
Church of England	443,023	450,136	893,159	455,772	467,306	923,078
Congregational	5,552	6,552	12,104	5,394	6,426	11,820
Greek Orthodox	29,759	25,064	54,823	52,279	48,108	100,387
Lutheran	18,267	17,101	35,368	19,052	18,585	37,637
Methodist	134,040	141,165	275,205	135,296	144,004	279,300
Presbyterian	179,466	187,880	367,346	188,067	199,041	387,108
Protestant, Undefined	20,348	19,592	39,940	22,046	22,410	44,456
Salvation Army	6,323	7,274	13,597	6,954	7,796	14,750
Seventh Day Adventist	2,560	3,161	5,721	3,220	3,929	7,149
Other	11,858	13,032	24,890	16,554	17,339	33,893
Total Christian	1,277,634	1,287,177	2,564,811	1,393,080	1,420,021	2,813,101
NON-CHRISTIAN—						
Hebrew	14,993	14,939	29,932	15,456	15,602	31,058
Other	1,962	911	2,873	2,699	1,491	4,190
Total Non-Christian	16,955	15,850	32,805	18,155	17,093	35,248
Indefinite	3,637	3,014	6,651	5,078	4,400	9,478
No Religion	7,081	3,715	10,796	17,569	10,396	27,965
No Reply	169,088	145,962	315,050	180,022	153,712	333,734
Grand Total	1,474,395	1,455,718	2,930,113	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526

* So described on individual census schedules.

In the following table the male*and female populations of Victoria are classified according to the industry in which they were engaged at the Census 1966 :

VICTORIA—INDUSTRY OF THE POPULATION

Industry Group	Census 1966			Proportion of Workforce		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Primary Production	92,791	19,179	111,970	9.76	4.49	8.13
Mining and Quarrying	4,799	400	5,199	0.51	0.09	0.38
Manufacturing	311,680	126,810	438,490	32.80	29.71	31.84
Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services (Production, Supply, and Maintenance)	31,416	2,383	33,799	3.30	0.56	2.45
Building and Construction	104,783	4,093	108,876	11.03	0.96	7.91
Transport and Storage and Communication	86,104	13,077	99,181	9.06	3.06	7.20
Finance and Property	30,219	20,520	50,739	3.18	4.81	3.68
Commerce	135,139	81,352	216,491	14.22	19.06	15.72
Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Defence Services	41,966	11,254	53,220	4.42	2.64	3.87
Community and Business Services (Incl. Professional)*	65,087	88,322	153,409	6.85	20.69	11.14
Amusements, Hotels and Other Accommodation, Cafés, Personal Service, etc.	34,444	46,077	80,521	3.62	10.80	5.85
Other Industries and Industry Inadequately Described or Not Stated	11,799	13,354	25,153	1.25	3.13	1.83
Total in Work Force	950,227	426,821	1,377,048	100.00	100.00	100.00
Persons Not in Work Force	663,677	1,178,801	1,842,478	..	..	..
Grand Total	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526	..	..	..

* Includes police, fire brigades, hospitals, medical and dental services, education, and business services such as consultant engineering and surveying, accountancy and auditing, industrial and trade associations advertising, etc.

The preceding table showed the industries in which persons were engaged at the time of the Census. Population has also been classified according to the actual occupation carried on by each person, and in the following table the numbers in broad groups of these occupations are shown :

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATION IN MAJOR GROUPS

Occupation Group	Census 1966			Proportion of Workforce		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Professional, Technical, and Related Workers	76,622	54,301	130,923	8.06	12.72	9.51
Administrative, .. Executive and Managerial Workers	79,074	10,584	89,658	8.32	2.48	6.51
Clerical Workers	80,828	122,898	203,726	8.51	28.79	14.80
Sales Workers	57,441	48,045	105,486	6.04	11.26	7.66
Farmers, Fishermen, Hunters, Timber Getters, and Related Workers	98,112	18,728	116,840	10.33	4.38	8.49
Miners, Quarrymen, and Related Workers	2,376	2	2,378	0.25	0.01	0.17
Workers in Transport and Communication Operations	66,693	9,352	76,045	7.02	2.19	5.52
Craftsmen, Production Process Workers and Labourers (Not Elsewhere Classified)	428,287	93,502	521,789	45.07	21.90	37.89
Service, Sport and Recreation Workers	38,505	57,103	95,608	4.05	13.38	6.94
Members of Armed Forces, Enlisted Personnel	14,530	725	15,255	1.53	0.17	1.11
Occupation Inadequately Described or Not Stated	7,759	11,581	19,340	0.82	2.72	1.40
Total Persons in the Work Force	950,227	426,821	1,377,048	100.00	100.00	100.00
Persons Not in the Work Force	663,677	1,178,801	1,842,478	..	..	..
Grand Total	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526	..	..	..

The following table shows the occupational status of the population at the Census 1966 :

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION

Occupational Status	Census 1966			Proportion of Population		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
IN WORK FORCE—						
Employed—						
Employer	67,236	16,747	83,983	4.16	1.04	2.61
Self-employed	92,302	20,008	112,310	5.72	1.25	3.49
Employee	777,217	374,625	1,151,842	48.16	23.33	35.77
Helper (Not on Wage or Salary)	3,333	8,191	11,524	0.21	0.51	0.36
Total Employed	940,088	419,571	1,359,659	58.25	26.13	42.23
Unemployed*	10,139	7,250	17,389	0.63	0.45	0.54
Total in Work Force	950,227	426,821	1,377,048	58.88	26.58	42.77

* For footnote see next page.

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION—*continued*

Occupational Status	Census 1966			Proportion of Population		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
NOT IN WORK FORCE—						
Child Not Attending School	167,858	159,767	327,625	10·40	9·95	10·17
Full-time Student or Child Attending School ..	376,213	345,855	722,068	23·31	21·54	22·43
Independent Means, Including "Retired (So Described)"	14,602	17,544	32,146	0·91	1·09	1·00
Home Duties .. ..	..	508,249	508,249	..	31·66	15·79
Pensioner or Annuitant ..	72,213	117,975	190,188	4·47	7·35	5·91
Inmate of Institution ..	10,402	11,867	22,269	0·64	0·74	0·69
Other	22,389	17,544	39,933	1·39	1·09	1·24
Total Not in Work Force	663,677	1,178,801	1,842,478	41·12	73·42	57·23
Grand Total	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526	100·00	100·00	100·00

* At the 1966 Census, this category was restricted to persons actively looking for work, i.e., (1) registered with Commonwealth Employment Service, or (2) approaching prospective employers or (3) placing or answering advertisements or (4) writing letters of application or (5) awaiting the result of recent applications.

The following table shows the educational attainment of the population, by sex, as recorded at the 1966 Census :

VICTORIA—POPULATION BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, CENSUS 1966

Highest Level of Education Attained	Census 1966			Proportion of Population		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Tertiary—						
University	25,385	8,467	33,852	1·57	0·53	1·05
Other Tertiary Qualifications ..	40,149	29,031	69,180	2·49	1·81	2·15
Secondary—						
Passed Leaving or Matriculation	147,237	129,937	277,174	9·12	8·09	8·61
Passed Intermediate	208,282	208,183	416,465	12·91	12·96	12·94
Attended Secondary School* ..	394,502	381,174	775,676	24·44	23·74	24·09
Primary—						
Attended Primary School† ..	588,593	643,663	1,232,256	36·47	40·09	38·27
No Schooling	176,230	169,419	345,649	10·92	10·55	10·74
No Reply	33,526	35,748	69,274	2·08	2·23	2·15
Total	1,613,904	1,605,622	3,219,526	100·00	100·00	100·00

* Passed no examination at Intermediate level or above.

† Or passed final primary examinations.

Delimitation of Urban Boundaries

The concepts applied to the 1966 Census in delimiting urban boundaries were adopted by the Statisticians in conference in August 1965 and follow closely a set of recommendations made by Dr. G. J. R. Ling of the Australian National University after a study of methods used in other countries.

For the purpose of presenting population and dwelling statistics obtained at the Census of 30 June 1966, the new concepts have been used for the delimitation of the boundaries of the Melbourne Metropolitan Area and certain other urban centres.

Around each capital city and each town with a population of 75,000 or more *two* boundaries have been drawn.

The *Outer* boundary, which is fixed, circumscribes the area in close economic and social contact with the main city or town. These areas are designated Statistical Divisions or Statistical Districts. Thus, in Victoria there is the Melbourne Statistical Division and the Geelong Statistical District.

The *Inner* boundary indicates the area within which, at the time of the census, there was a density of at least 500 persons per square mile. This density is determined for each Census Collector's District (the smallest geographical area available). From census to census, as urbanisation proceeds, this inner boundary will move outwards to encompass peripheral development. Some specified areas of lower density (e.g., industrial areas) are classified as urban on other grounds.

The principal urban centre within the Melbourne Statistical Division has been designated the Melbourne Metropolitan Area. Outside the Melbourne Metropolitan Area population clusters of 1,000 or more persons, having a minimum density of 500 persons per square mile, have been designated Urban Centres. Because of practical difficulties the new criteria have at present been uniformly applied only to urban centres within the Melbourne Statistical Division, to the Geelong Statistical District, to urban centres in Victoria with a population of 30,000 or more, and to the Moe-Yallourn Urban Centre. It is proposed to extend the application of the new criteria to smaller centres in future censuses.

The results of the 1966 Census showed Victoria's population had increased 56·7 per cent since 1947, to reach 3,219,526, which is 28 per cent of the Australian population.

Victoria's density of thirty-seven persons per square mile is considerably higher than the Australian average of 3·9 persons per square mile. However, the population is unevenly distributed throughout the State, as is shown by the table below :

VICTORIA—PERCENTAGE OF AREA IN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS AND POPULATION IN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS, CENSUS 30 JUNE 1966

Statistical Division	Per Cent Area of State	Males	Females	Persons	Per Cent Population of State
Melbourne	2·80	1,108,020	1,122,560	2,230,580	69·28
West Central	2·71	74,813	72,871	147,684	4·59
North Central	5·28	33,303	30,821	64,124	1·99
Western	16·28	102,091	101,259	203,350	6·32
Wimmera	13·89	30,342	29,647	59,989	1·86
Mallee	16·35	33,447	31,520	64,967	2·02
Northern	11·58	84,553	82,727	167,280	5·20
North Eastern	13·90	45,252	41,459	86,711	2·69
Gippsland	15·24	80,935	74,621	155,556	4·83
East Central	1·97	18,629	17,668	36,297	1·13
Migratory .. ..	..	2,519	469	2,988	0·09
Total	100·00	1,613,904	1,605,622	3 219 526	100·00

The concentration of population in the urban areas of the State is shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION AND
MASCULINITY IN METROPOLITAN, URBAN,
AND RURAL AREAS *

Area*	Percentage of Population				Masculinity†
	Census 1961	Census 1966			Census 1966
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
Urban :					
Metropolitan	63·42	64·81	66·28	65·54	98·28
Other	19·80	19·82	20·12	19·97	99·00
Rural	16·62	15·22	13·57	14·40	112·76
Migratory	0·16	0·15	0·03	0·09	535·96
Total	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·52

* NOTE.—Metropolitan, urban, and rural in this table are determined on the basis of the "Linge Concepts" explained under the heading of Delimitation of Urban Boundaries on pages 124-5.

† Number of males per 100 females.

The proportion of the population of the State in rural areas has again declined between the Censuses of 1961 and 1966.

Populations in local government areas in Victoria at the Census 1966 and as estimated at 30 June 1967 appear in the table on pages 133 to 138.

Urban Centres

The concepts applied in delimiting urban boundaries have been referred to on pages 124-5. Urban Centres outside the Melbourne Metropolitan Area account for 20 per cent of the State's population. Geelong is the largest of these with a population of 105,059, followed by Ballarat (56,290), and Bendigo (42,208). Rapid development of brown coal deposits and the consequent electricity generation and towns gas production, and other industrial development, have occurred in the Latrobe Valley, where urban centres—Moe-Yallourn (23,198), Morwell (16,610), and Traralgon (14,079)—had a combined population of 53,887 in 1966.

Urban centres with 10,000 to 20,000 population also include Shepparton (17,506), Warrnambool (17,499), Wangaratta (15,175), Mildura (12,931), Horsham (10,562), and Hamilton (10,054). In the 7,000 to 10,000 population groups are Ararat, Bairnsdale, Benalla, Castlemaine, Colac, Dromana-Sorrento, Echuca, Maryborough, Mornington-Balcombe, Sale, Swan Hill, Werribee, and Wodonga.

It should be remembered in reading the tables relating to urban centres which follow that where the populations given relate to the limits of urban development at each census date, as determined by application of the concepts for delimiting urban boundaries, the areas are not necessarily precisely the same. The geographical limits of urban development may undergo change from one census date to another.

The following table shows population, occupied and unoccupied dwellings for areas of the State as at 30 June 1966 :

VICTORIA—SUMMARY OF POPULATION

Area	1961 Census Population	1966 Census		
		Population	Dwellings	
			Occupied	Total
Melbourne Metropolitan Area ..	1,858,534	2,110,168	593,408	616,609
Other Urban :				
Geelong—				
Bellarine Shire (Part) ..	2,914	6,584	1,663	1,741
Corio Shire (Part) ..	24,542	33,296	7,695	7,846
Geelong City ..	17,427	18,129	5,348	5,598
Geelong West City ..	17,681	17,538	5,327	5,569
Newtown and Chilwell City ..	11,788	11,700	3,391	3,553
South Barwon Shire (Part) ..	13,570	17,812	4,730	4,915
Total Urban Geelong ..	87,922	105,059	28,154	29,222
Ballarat—				
Ballarat City (Part) ..	40,520	41,026	11,418	11,956
Ballarat Shire (Part) ..	8,348	10,245	2,251	2,323
Grenville Shire (Part) ..	50	53	14	14
Sebastopol Borough ..	4,663	4,966	1,206	1,261
Total Urban Ballarat ..	53,581	56,290	14,889	15,554
Bendigo—				
Bendigo City (Part) ..	29,634	30,159	8,897	9,357
Eaglehawk Borough (Part) ..	4,426	5,033	1,444	1,542
Marong Shire (Part) ..	2,527	2,988	767	793
Strathfieldsaye Shire (Part) ..	2,859	4,028	995	1,033
Total Urban Bendigo ..	39,446	42,208	12,103	12,725
Moe-Yallourn—				
Moe City ..	15,463	16,531	4,091	4,221
Morwell Shire (Part) ..	653	537	153	171
Narracan Shire (Part) ..	1,867	1,880	445	471
Yallourn Works Area ..	5,010	4,250	1,020	1,096
Total Urban Moe-Yallourn ..	22,993	23,198	5,709	5,959

VICTORIA—SUMMARY OF POPULATION—*continued*

Area	1961 Census Population	1966 Census			
		Population	Dwellings		
			Occupied	Total	
<i>Other Urban—continued</i>					
Urban Centres with—					
10,000—19,999 .. (8)	101,241	114,416	30,014	31,212	
9,000—9,999 .. (2)	17,520	19,433	6,156	12,364	
8,000—8,999 .. (5)	36,564	41,978*	10,696	11,131	
7,000—7,999 .. (6)	40,208	44,368†	12,344	13,632	
6,000—6,999 .. (2)	16,571‡	13,536	3,716	3,971	
5,000—5,999 .. (2)	10,610	11,414	3,224	3,382	
4,000—4,999 .. (3)	12,627	13,484	3,774	4,134	
3,000—3,999 .. (11)	35,068	37,050‡	9,808	11,146	
2,000—2,999 .. (21)	50,442	52,618	14,728	16,370	
1,000—1,999 .. (45)	50,839	62,030	17,160	19,403	
Less than 1000 .. (8)	5,307	5,905§	1,878	4,381	
Total other Urban	580,939	642,987	174,353	194,586	
Rural	486,031	463,383	121,222	142,546	
Migratory	4,609	2,988	..	..
Total Victoria (118)	2,930,113	3,219,526	888,983	953,741	

* Includes that part of Urban Albury—Wodonga in Victoria (Population 8,653). Total population of Albury—Wodonga—1961, 28,796; 1966, 32,019.

† Includes that part of Urban Echuca—Moama in Victoria (Population 7,043). Total population of Echuca—Moama—1961, 7,253; 1966, 8,014.

‡ Includes that part of Urban Yarrowonga—Mulwala in Victoria (Population 3,163). Total population of Yarrowonga—Mulwala—1961, 3,770; 1966, 3,991.

§ Includes that part of Urban Barham—Koondrook in Victoria (Population 604). Total population of Barham—Koondrook—1961, 1,736; 1966, 1,740.

¶ Includes Urban Laverton in 1961. This forms part of the Melbourne Metropolitan Area in 1966.

NOTE.—Figures in brackets indicate the number of urban centres in the size groups in 1966.

It should be noted that the boundary of an urban centre is not necessarily identical with the boundary of a municipality of the same name. Figures of census populations in local government areas of the State appear on pages 133 to 138.

Figures of population and total dwellings in urban centres are given in the following table. Again, where necessary, 1961 Census populations have been adjusted to conform with boundaries in force in 1966.

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF URBAN CENTRES, CENSUSES 1961 AND 1966, AND NUMBER OF DWELLINGS, CENSUS 1966

Urban Centre	1961 Census Population	1966 Census		Urban Centre	1961 Census Population	1966 Census	
		Population	Total No. of Dwellings			Population	Total No. of Dwellings
Melbourne Metro- politan Area—				Melbourne Metro- politan Area— <i>continued</i>			
Altona	15,758	25,020	6,252	Broadmeadows* ..	64,992	86,911	20,122
Berwick*	6,526	13,124	2,796	Brunswick	53,093	52,012	15,286
Box Hill	50,412	54,529	15,284	Camberwell	99,353	99,908	32,011
Brighton	41,302	40,617	13,355	Caulfield	74,859	76,119	26,598

For footnotes see page 130.

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF URBAN CENTRES, CENSUSES 1961 AND 1966, AND NUMBER OF DWELLINGS, CENSUS 1966—*continued*

Urban Centre	1961 Census Population	1966 Census		Urban Centre	1961 Census Population	1966 Census	
		Population	Total No. of Dwellings			Population	Total No. of Dwellings
Melbourne Metropolitan Area— <i>continued</i>				Other Urban Centres—			
Chelsea ..	22,355	24,789	7,669	Albury-Wodonga (Part)† ..	7,398	8,653	2,340
Coburg ..	70,771	68,568	19,257	Alexandra ..	1,945	2,014	610
Collingwood ..	25,413	22,459	6,373	Anglesea ..	522	726	901
Cranbourne* ..	†	143	40	Apollo Bay ..	948	957	346
Croydon* ..	14,803	21,353	6,008	Ararat ..	7,934	8,233	2,116
Dandenong* ..	23,379	31,054	8,242	Avoca ..	||	1,016	336
Diamond Valley* ..	11,693	20,997	5,306	Bacchus Marsh ..	3,336	3,707	1,039
Doncaster and Templestowe* ..	13,940	33,382	9,333	Bairnsdale ..	7,427	7,785	2,231
Eltham* ..	10,545	15,216	4,180	Ballarat ..	53,581	56,290	15,554
Essendon ..	58,987	58,258	17,894	Barham-Koon-drook (Part)§ ..	600	604	175
Fitzroy ..	29,399	27,219	7,484	Beaufort ..	1,240	1,264	404
Footscray ..	60,734	58,823	16,790	Beechworth ..	3,508	3,554	703
Frankston* ..	23,692	38,718	11,833	Benalla ..	8,234	8,224	2,336
Hawthorn ..	36,707	36,728	13,749	Bendigo ..	39,446	42,208	12,725
Heidelberg ..	59,795	63,929	16,813	Berwick ..	1,262	1,720	515
Keilor* ..	26,798	40,430	10,337	Birchip ..	1,065	1,147	302
Kew ..	33,341	32,816	9,827	Bright ..	705	747	383
Knox* ..	15,697	32,394	8,927	Broadford ..	1,678	1,605	476
Laverton ..	†	6,128	1,169	Camperdown ..	3,446	3,540	1,060
Lillydale* ..	5,329	14,066	4,177	Casterton ..	2,442	2,492	722
Malvern ..	47,870	50,059	17,133	Castlemaine ..	7,216	7,103	2,220
Melbourne ..	76,810	75,997	21,554	Charlton ..	1,587	1,603	444
Moorabbin ..	94,242	103,787	28,778	Cobden ..	||	1,233	342
Mordialloc ..	26,526	28,076	8,530	Cobram ..	2,498	2,888	785
Mornington* ..	546	1,704	787	Cohuna ..	1,843	2,061	577
Northcote ..	55,750	56,200	17,078	Colac ..	9,252	9,498	2,732
Nunawading ..	53,133	74,577	20,086	Coleraine ..	1,503	1,518	466
Oakleigh ..	47,300	52,766	14,011	Corryong ..	1,129	1,665	425
Port Melbourne ..	12,370	12,591	3,487	Cowes ..	607	765	694
Prahran ..	52,554	54,655	21,537	Creswick ..	1,670	1,658	488
Preston ..	84,146	89,767	23,202	Crib Point ..	2,078	1,829	428
Richmond ..	33,863	32,530	9,913	Daylesford ..	2,776	2,664	1,076
Ringwood ..	24,136	29,141	7,943	Dimboola ..	1,923	1,872	589
St. Kilda ..	52,205	58,129	24,511	Donald ..	1,517	1,626	493
Sandringham ..	37,001	36,671	11,241	Dromana-Sorrento	8,268	9,935	9,632
Sherbrooke* ..	9,414	9,999	3,449	Drouin ..	2,511	2,655	791
South Melbourne	32,528	30,233	9,918	Echuca-Moama (Part)¶ ..	6,443	7,043	2,017
Springvale* ..	25,630	37,668	10,049	Euroa ..	3,020	2,789	882
Sunshine* ..	61,960	69,072	16,566	Geelong ..	87,922	105,059	29,222
Waverley* ..	43,269	68,896	17,982	Hamilton ..	9,495	10,054	2,774
Whittlesea* ..	6,646	11,491	2,923	Hastings ..	||	1,136	393
Williamstown ..	30,962	30,449	8,819	Healesville ..	2,368	2,676	840
Total Melbourne Metropolitan Area	1,858,534	2,110,168	616,609				

For footnotes see page 130.

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF URBAN CENTRES, CENSUSES 1961 AND 1966, AND NUMBER OF DWELLINGS, CENSUS 1966—*continued*

Urban Centre	1961 Census Population	1966 Census		Urban Centre	1961 Census Population	1966 Census	
		Population	Total No. of Dwellings			Population	Total No. of Dwellings
Other Urban Centres— <i>continued</i>				Other Urban Centres— <i>continued</i>			
Heathcote ..	1,287	1,187	347	Port Fairy ..	2,426	2,579	849
Heyfield ..	1,917	1,893	505	Portland ..	6,014	6,690	2,063
Heywood ..	||	1,011	275	Queenscliffe ..	2,659	2,787	1,531
Hopetoun ..	||	1,024	291	Red Cliffs ..	2,440	2,439	727
Horsham ..	9,240	10,562	3,024	Robinvale ..	1,243	1,404	344
Inverloch ..	845	851	696	Rochester ..	1,965	2,122	611
Kerang ..	3,838	4,164	1,175	Rushworth ..	1,077	1,093	341
Kilmore ..	1,010	1,096	292	Rutherglen ..	1,222	1,287	410
Koo-Wee-Rup ..	||	1,014	294	Sale ..	7,899	8,640	2,317
Koroit ..	1,466	1,416	375	Sea Lake ..	||	1,026	284
Korumburra ..	3,237	2,991	882	Seymour ..	5,104	5,505	1,536
Kyabram ..	3,936	4,645	1,303	Shepparton ..	13,899	17,506	4,910
Kyneton ..	3,366	3,446	1,115	St. Arnaud ..	3,150	3,004	948
Lakes Entrance ..	1,602	1,837	764	Stawell ..	5,506	5,909	1,846
Laverton ..	4,152	* *	* *	St. Leonards ..	||	297	419
Leongatha ..	3,059	3,246	943	Sunbury ..	3,131	3,526	589
Lorne ..	1,080	958	735	Swan Hill ..	6,186	7,381	2,007
Maffra ..	3,404	3,569	1,018	Tallangatta ..	1,003	1,000	295
Maldon ..	1,071	1,065	432	Tatura ..	2,166	2,496	709
Mansfield ..	1,944	2,019	572	Terang ..	2,137	1,991	611
Maryborough ..	7,235	7,707	2,365	Torquay ..	1,243	1,477	1,060
Merbein ..	1,737	1,684	494	Trafalgar ..	1,774	1,729	518
Mildura ..	12,279	12,931	3,755	Traralgon ..	12,300	14,079	3,662
Moe-Yallourn ..	22,993	23,198	5,959	Wangaratta ..	13,784	15,175	4,139
Mooroopna ..	2,505	2,568	683	Warburton ..	1,630	1,545	591
Mornington-Balcombe ..	5,701	7,349	2,799	Warracknabeal ..	3,061	3,151	1,014
Mortlake ..	1,297	1,248	369	Warragul ..	6,405	6,846	1,908
Morwell ..	14,542	16,610	4,113	Warrandyte ..	||	1,085	337
Mount Beauty ..	1,509	1,568	496	Warrnambool ..	15,702	17,499	4,839
Murtoa ..	1,135	1,109	343	Werribee ..	5,099	8,228	2,025
Myrtleford ..	2,163	2,545	673	Wonthaggi ..	4,853	4,675	1,654
Nathalia ..	1,276	1,369	394	Woodend ..	1,224	1,221	391
Nhill ..	2,233	2,251	756	Wycheproof ..	||	1,005	276
Numurkah ..	2,687	2,770	800	Yarra Junction ..	1,259	1,121	398
Ocean Grove-Barwon Heads	2,585	3,144	1,772	Yarram ..	2,001	2,015	588
Orbost ..	2,613	2,797	726	Yarrowonga ..			
Ouyen ..	1,628	1,645	414	Mulwala (Part)††	3,022	3,163	945
Pakenham East ..	1,324	1,680	485	Yea ..	1,113	1,084	337
Portarlington ..	1,003	1,224	539	Total Other Urban Centres ..	580,939	642,987	194,586

* Includes only that part of the local government area which is within the Melbourne Metropolitan Area. The remainder is in each case included under Other Urban or is rural.

† Non-Metropolitan in 1961.

‡ That part of Alhury-Wodonga in Victoria. See notes to previous table.

§ That part of Barham-Koondrook in Victoria. See notes to previous table.

|| Non-urban in 1961.

¶ That part of Echuca-Moama in Victoria. See notes to previous table.

** Part of Melbourne Metropolitan Area in 1966.

†† That part of Yarrowonga-Mulwala in Victoria. See notes to previous table.

Population Estimates

The following table gives the estimated population of each Australian State and Territory at 31 December 1967.

The estimated population in each State or Territory is now derived by a new method and represents the population ascertained at the census plus recorded natural increase and recorded net gain from overseas migration for that State or Territory ; gains and corresponding losses that result from movements between States and Territories are also taken into account insofar as they are recorded as transfers of State of residence under child endowment procedures or Commonwealth electoral procedures supplemented by results of any special count or sample survey. Holiday, business or other similar short-term movements between States and Territories are omitted. As records of migration by State or Territory are not complete the estimated State and Territory populations so derived are approximate and are subject to revision when the actual population of each State is ascertained at the next census.

AUSTRALIA—ESTIMATED POPULATION* OF STATES AND TERRITORIES AT 31 DECEMBER 1967

State or Territory	Area in Square Miles	Estimated Population at 31 December 1967	Persons to the Square Mile	Proportion of Population in Each State or Territory
New South Wales	309,433	4,347,309	14·05	36·44
Victoria	87,884	3,303,631	37·59	27·69
Queensland	667,000	1,718,266	2·58	14·41
South Australia	380,070	1,118,477	2·94	9·37
Western Australia	975,920	892,763	0·91	7·49
Tasmania	26,383	379,628	14·39	3·18
Northern Territory	520,280	60,639	0·12	0·51
Australian Capital Territory† ..	939	108,176	115·20	0·91
Australia	2,967,909	11,928,889	4·02	100·00

* Including Aborigines

† Including Jervis Bay

The following table shows the estimated population of Victoria from 1836 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—ESTIMATED POPULATION

Year	Estimated Population, 31 December		
	Males	Females	Persons
1836 (25th May)	142	35	177
1840	7,254	3,037	10,291
1850	45,495	30,667	76,162
1860	330,302	207,932	538,234
1870	397,230	326,695	723,925
1880	450,558	408,047	858,605
1890	595,519	538,209	1,133,728
1900	601,773	594,440	1,196,213
1910	646,482	654,926	1,301,408
1920	753,803	774 106	1,527,909
1930	892,422	900,183	1,792,605
1940	947,037	967,881	1,914,918
1950	1,114,497	1,122,685	2,237,182
1956	1,319,445	1,298,667	2,618,112
1957	1,348,351	1,332,204	2,680,555
1958	1,379,857	1,365,308	2,745,165
1959	1,413,523	1,397,906	2,811,429
1960	1,453,815	1,434,475	2,888,290
1961	1,485,348	1,469,951	2,955,299
1962	1,511,418	1,499,625	3,011,043
1963	1,540,749	1,530,297	3,071,046
1964	1,573,966	1,563,955	3,137,921
1965	1,602,058	1,593,802	3,195,860
1966	1,628,672	1,621,198	3,249,870
1967	1,635,935	1,647,696	3,303,631

NOTE.—Estimates of population from 1961 onwards include Aborigines.

The following table shows the population and the number of dwellings in each of the municipalities and statistical divisions of Victoria, at the 1966 Census and estimated as at 30 June 1967, together with the area of the municipality at 30 June 1967. In this table both Census figures and estimates are inclusive of Aborigines. However, the difference between the inclusive census-date figures and Census figures published earlier, although occasioned by the necessity to include full-blood Aborigines for comparison with later populations, is not to be taken as a reliable measure of Aboriginal population of the area concerned. Census information regarding Aborigines is to be found in the special Census publication *The Aboriginal Population (Revised Statement)* issued on 27 November 1967.

For the purpose of the Census, a "dwelling" is any habitation occupied by a household group living together as a domestic unit, with common eating arrangements, whether comprising the whole or any part of a building. The term has, therefore, a very wide reference and includes, in addition to houses and flats, anything from a single-roomed shack to a multi-roomed hotel or institution. In the following tables, the figures for dwellings represent all dwellings, whether private or other, and whether occupied or unoccupied.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA BY MUNICIPALITY

(Population inclusive of *Aboriginals*. See introductory note on page 132.)

Local Government Area	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.1967 (sq. miles)
	Census 30.6.1966	Estimate 30.6.1967	Census 30.6.1966	Estimate 30.6.1967	
MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Altona Shire ..	25,020	26,100	6,252	6,624	15.52
Berwick Shire (Part)†	19,880	20,600	4,913	5,149	108.94
Box Hill City ..	54,534	55,000	15,284	15,454	8.30
Brighton City ..	40,618	40,700	13,355	13,491	5.28
Broadmeadows City ..	88,080	90,100	20,403	21,138	27.33
Brunswick City ..	52,018	51,800	15,286	15,461	4.10
Bulla Shire ..	5,711	6,100	1,145	1,282	163.00
Camberwell City ..	99,913	100,000	32,011	32,262	13.57
Caulfield City ..	76,119	76,700	26,598	27,541	8.49
Chelsea City ..	24,789	25,200	7,669	7,832	4.72
Coburg City ..	68,577	68,600	19,257	19,312	7.21
Collingwood City ..	22,469	22,000	6,373	6,313	1.84
Cranbourne Shire (Part)†	9,307	9,600	3,023	3,159	153.69
Croydon Shire ..	21,769	22,800	6,106	6,482	13.00
Dandenong City ..	31,700	33,100	8,410	8,914	14.00
Diamond Valley Shire	22,999	25,400	5,852	6,728	32.94
Doncaster and Temple-					
stowe City§ ..	38,087	41,300	10,719	11,882	34.52
Eltham Shire ..	20,211	20,800	5,828	6,044	116.01
Essendon City ..	58,258	58,500	17,894	18,258	6.36
Fitzroy City ..	27,227	27,000	7,484	7,525	1.41
Flinders Shire ..	12,525	13,100	11,409	11,923	125.00
Footscray City ..	58,832	58,900	16,790	16,842	6.94
Frankston City§ ..	42,085	44,800	12,759	13,733	27.28
Hastings Shire ..	7,280	7,600	2,847	3,021	112.00
Hawthorn City ..	36,728	36,900	13,749	14,009	3.77
Healesville Shire (Part)†	5,136	5,200	1,612	1,635	108.88
Heidelberg City ..	63,932	65,200	16,813	17,254	12.50
Keilor City ..	43,398	45,400	11,146	11,874	37.91
Kew City ..	32,819	32,900	9,827	9,912	5.62
Knox Shire ..	36,514	39,000	10,089	10,984	42.50
Lilydale Shire ..	24,494	25,700	7,746	8,230	153.50
Malvern City ..	50,061	50,300	17,133	17,251	6.15
Melbourne City ..	76,006	75,900	21,554	22,119	12.13
Melton Shire ..	2,559	2,800	734	815	173.91
Moorabbin City ..	103,787	105,400	28,778	29,377	19.77
Mordialloc City ..	28,078	28,900	8,530	8,943	4.71
Mornington Shire ..	10,217	10,600	4,201	4,415	35.00
Northcote City ..	56,213	56,700	17,078	17,559	6.60
Nunawading City ..	74,578	77,400	20,086	21,076	16.05
Oakleigh City ..	52,769	53,800	14,011	14,380	11.70
Port Melbourne City ..	12,591	12,600	3,487	3,473	4.11
Prhran City ..	54,658	55,500	21,537	22,306	3.69
Preston City ..	89,775	91,200	23,202	23,718	14.30
Richmond City ..	32,532	32,300	9,913	9,969	2.36
Ringwood City ..	29,141	29,900	7,943	8,221	8.79
St. Kilda City ..	58,138	59,000	24,511	25,146	3.31
Sandringham City ..	36,672	36,700	11,241	11,322	5.78
Sherbrooke Shire ..	17,674	17,900	6,636	6,745	74.50
South Melbourne City ..	30,233	29,800	9,918	9,969	3.44
Springvale City ..	39,431	42,600	10,512	11,747	37.68
Sunshine City ..	69,264	71,000	16,605	17,228	30.89
Waverley City ..	69,845	73,400	18,303	19,579	22.61
Werribee Shire ..	18,380	19,300	4,035	4,365	258.00
Whittlesea Shire ..	16,713	17,700	4,372	4,719	231.00
Williamstown City ..	30,449	30,500	8,819	8,969	5.60
Total Division ..	2,230,793	2,277,300	661,788	683,679	2,368.25

For footnotes see pages 137 and 138.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Local Government Area	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30. 6. 1967 (sq. miles)
	Census 30. 6. 1966	Estimate 30. 6. 1967	Census 30. 6. 1966	Estimate 30. 6. 1967	
WEST CENTRAL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Bacchus Marsh Shire ..	4,674	4,760	1,319	1,362	218·60
Ballan Shire ..	2,349	2,340	909	912	355·00
Bannockburn Shire ..	2,213	2,220	692	693	272·00
Barrabool Shire ..	2,914	3,010	1,963	2,084	229·00
Bellarine Shire ..	14,523	15,000	5,425	5,741	128·00
Bungaree Shire ..	2,207	2,220	599	607	88·00
Buninyong Shire ..	4,836	4,870	1,345	1,367	300·00
Corio Shire ..	36,222	37,270	8,689	9,224	270·00
Geelong City ..	18,129	18,170	5,598	5,672	5·19
Geelong West City ..	17,538	17,530	5,569	5,599	2·03
Gisborne Shire ..	2,311	2,340	914	935	107·40
Kilmore Shire (Part) ..	720	710	220	221	99·00
Newtown and Chilwell City ..	11,700	11,690	3,553	3,587	2·31
Queenscliffe Borough ..	2,788	2,840	1,531	1,587	3·28
Romsey Shire ..	2,516	2,510	885	893	239·00
South Barwon Shire ..	22,056	22,620	7,026	7,341	63·84
Total Division ..	147,696	150,100	46,237	47,825	2,382·65
NORTH CENTRAL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Alexandra Shire ..	4,484	4,470	1,648	1,668	735·00
Broadford Shire ..	1,978	1,970	633	647	222·50
Castlemaine City ..	7,103	7,090	2,220	2,241	9·00
Creswick Shire ..	3,540	3,540	1,117	1,131	213·00
Daylesford and Glenlyon Shire ..	4,398	4,390	1,832	1,837	235·27
Kilmore Shire (Part) ..	2,019	2,030	483	502	97·50
Kyneton Shire ..	5,970	5,970	2,033	2,039	280·00
Maldon Shire ..	1,953	1,940	729	730	216·00
Maryborough City ..	7,707	7,740	2,365	2,394	9·00
McIvor Shire ..	1,896	1,890	580	581	558·00
Metcalfe Shire ..	2,163	2,150	747	749	228·00
Newham and Woodend Shire ..	1,995	1,980	707	711	95·00
Newstead Shire ..	1,781	1,770	667	676	158·00
Pyalong Shire ..	456	460	129	131	233·00
Seymour Shire ..	11,272	11,520	2,550	2,767	366·65
Talbot and Clunes Shire ..	1,514	1,500	534	532	206·00
Tullaroop Shire ..	1,277	1,270	424	425	246·00
Yea Shire ..	2,620	2,620	927	934	528·35
Total Division ..	64,126	64,300	20,325	20,695	4,636·27
WESTERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Ararat City ..	8,246	8,270	2,116	2,138	7·36
Ararat Shire ..	4,644	4,660	1,382	1,391	1,411·92
Ballaarat City ..	41,661	41,890	12,133	12,264	13·36
Ballarat Shire ..	12,246	12,490	2,876	3,011	184·00
Belfast Shire ..	1,857	1,860	477	473	200·00
Camperdown Town ..	3,540	3,550	1,060	1,067	5·61
Colac City ..	9,499	9,520	2,732	2,762	4·20
Colac Shire ..	6,959	6,930	1,960	1,947	563·00
Dundas Shire ..	3,923	3,920	1,183	1,198	1,337·60

For footnotes see pages 137 and 138.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Local Government Area	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30. 6. 1967 (sq. miles)
	Census 30. 6. 1966	Estimate 30. 6. 1967	Census 30. 6. 1966	Estimate 30. 6. 1967	
WESTERN STATISTICAL DIVISION—<i>continued</i>					
Glenelg Shire ..	5,838	5,840	1,735	1,737	1,383·00
Grenville Shire ..	1,692	1,690	581	585	326·00
Hamilton City ..	10,062	10,090	2,774	2,778	8·36
Hampden Shire ..	8,773	8,760	2,598	2,592	1,011·00
Heytesbury Shire ..	8,182	8,230	2,129	2,169	574·00
Koroit Borough ..	1,416	1,410	375	373	8·90
Leigh Shire ..	1,402	1,400	394	396	379·00
Lexton Shire ..	1,375	1,370	373	375	317·00
Minhamite Shire ..	2,824	2,810	769	768	527·00
Mortlake Shire ..	4,400	4,400	1,215	1,220	825·00
Mount Rouse Shire ..	3,042	3,040	905	924	548·00
Otway Shire ..	3,908	3,910	1,486	1,514	746·30
Port Fairy Borough ..	2,579	2,580	849	850	8·88
Portland Town ..	6,697	6,770	2,063	2,113	9·34
Portland Shire ..	6,875	6,890	2,152	2,183	1,425·00
Ripon Shire ..	3,520	3,520	1,104	1,111	592·00
Sebastopol Borough ..	4,966	5,000	1,261	1,285	2·73
Wannon Shire ..	4,059	4,050	1,199	1,205	763·40
Warrnambool City ..	17,500	17,670	4,839	4,940	11·08
Warrnambool Shire ..	7,506	7,550	2,032	2,045	613·00
Winchelsea Shire ..	4,241	4,230	1,743	1,751	495·70
Not Incorporated (Lady Julia Percy Island and Tower Hill Lake Reserve) .. ..	..	..	..	..	3·30
Total Division ..	203,432	204,300	58,495	59,165	14,305·04
WIMMERA STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Arapiles Shire ..	2,142	2,140	589	592	768·00
Avoca Shire ..	2,133	2,130	719	721	434·00
Dimboola Shire ..	5,907	5,910	1,745	1,748	1,899·00
Donald Shire ..	2,947	2,950	852	854	559·00
Dunmunkle Shire ..	3,952	3,950	1,162	1,167	597·00
Horsham City ..	10,562	10,710	3,024	3,148	9·28
Kaniva Shire ..	2,371	2,370	708	716	1,191·00
Kara Kara Shire ..	1,360	1,360	411	412	885·25
Kowree Shire ..	5,362	5,370	1,535	1,556	2,080·00
Lowan Shire ..	3,824	3,830	1,218	1,232	1,036·00
St. Arnaud Town ..	3,004	3,000	948	950	9·81
Stawell Town ..	5,909	5,930	1,846	1,854	9·30
Stawell Shire ..	2,345	2,350	792	801	1,009·75
Warracknabeal Shire ..	4,714	4,720	1,478	1,496	710·00
Wimmera Shire ..	3,485	3,480	912	915	1,009·00
Total Division ..	60,017	60,200	17,939	18,162	12,206·39
MALLEE STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Birchip Shire ..	1,919	1,950	503	511	567·00
Karkaroc Shire ..	4,247	4,250	1,186	1,190	1,436·00
Mildura City ..	12,934	13,020	3,755	3,827	8·45
Mildura Shire ..	16,315	16,320	4,980	4,999	4,071·00
Swan Hill City ..	7,398	7,570	2,007	2,107	5·27
Swan Hill Shire ..	13,000	13,170	3,451	3,479	2,530·00
Walpeup Shire ..	4,431	4,430	1,208	1,219	4,168·00
Wycheproof Shire ..	4,777	4,790	1,263	1,277	1,589·00
Total Division ..	65,021	65,500	18,353	18,609	14,374·72

For footnotes see pages 137 and 138.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Local Government Area	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30.6.1967 (sq. miles)
	Census 30.6.1966	Estimate 30.6.1967	Census 30.6.1966	Estimate 30.6.1967	
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Bendigo City ..	30,806	31,050	9,500	9,644	12.55
Bet Bet Shire ..	1,975	1,960	682	675	358.00
Charlton Shire ..	2,499	2,500	697	695	454.00
Cobram Shire ..	5,261	5,320	1,375	1,410	170.00
Cohuna Shire ..	4,658	4,690	1,271	1,294	192.00
Deakin Shire ..	5,705	5,750	1,546	1,566	371.00
Eaglehawk Borough ..	5,230	5,250	1,602	1,619	5.60
East Loddon Shire ..	1,722	1,730	486	497	461.00
Echuca City ..	7,044	7,230	2,017	2,086	7.84
Gordon Shire ..	3,320	3,350	936	950	781.00
Goulburn Shire ..	1,842	1,850	653	662	398.00
Huntly Shire ..	2,323	2,340	699	712	339.00
Kerang Borough ..	4,164	4,210	1,175	1,201	8.83
Kerang Shire ..	5,264	5,270	1,468	1,479	1,278.17
Korong Shire ..	3,663	3,650	1,186	1,181	921.00
Kyabram Borough ..	4,645	4,740	1,303	1,347	8.05
Marong Shire ..	6,488	6,550	1,847	1,888	575.00
Nathalia Shire ..	3,225	3,280	928	939	478.00
Numurkah Shire ..	6,242	6,270	1,661	1,679	279.00
Rochester Shire ..	7,428	7,460	2,141	2,165	749.00
Rodney Shire ..	11,891	12,030	3,159	3,213	397.00
Shepparton City ..	17,488	17,860	4,906	5,130	10.31
Shepparton Shire ..	6,183	6,240	1,564	1,612	357.06
Strathfieldsaye Shire ..	6,703	6,810	1,749	1,815	239.00
Tungamah Shire ..	3,237	3,240	812	815	441.00
Waranga Shire ..	4,506	4,530	1,313	1,318	638.00
Yarrawonga Shire ..	3,805	3,840	1,180	1,210	243.00
Total Division ..	167,317	169,000	47,856	48,802	10,172.41
NORTH EASTERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Beechworth Shire ..	4,806	4,800	1,110	1,124	297.90
Benalla City ¶ ..	8,224	8,380	2,336	2,396	6.77
Benalla Shire ..	3,728	3,730	1,056	1,062	896.53
Bright Shire ..	4,526	4,580	1,655	1,687	1,146.00
Chiltern Shire ..	1,522	1,510	492	492	192.10
Euroa Shire ..	4,589	4,570	1,470	1,479	545.00
Mansfield Shire ..	4,275	4,270	1,709	1,746	1,508.00
Myrtleford Shire ..	4,374	4,440	1,140	1,184	275.00
Omeo Shire ..	2,026	2,020	677	635	2,232.00
Oxley Shire ..	5,362	5,400	1,486	1,510	1,079.80
Rutherglen Shire ..	2,556	2,540	821	816	205.00
Towong Shire ..	4,079	4,070	1,243	1,251	1,602.00
Upper Murray Shire ..	3,337	3,380	952	980	949.00
Violet Town Shire ..	1,236	1,220	436	436	361.00
Wangaratta City ..	15,181	15,350	4,139	4,244	8.56
Wangaratta Shire ..	1,957	1,940	588	589	354.00
Wodonga Shire ¶ ..	11,878	12,140	2,779	2,897	134.00
Yackandandah Shire ..	3,063	3,060	879	881	429.00
Total Division ..	86,719	87,400	24,918	25,409	12,221.66

For footnotes see pages 137 and 138.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

Local Government Area	Population		Dwellings*		Area at 30. 6. 1967 (sq. miles)
	Census 30. 6. 1966	Estimate 30. 6. 1967	Census 30. 6. 1966	Estimate 30. 6. 1967	
GIPPSLAND STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Alberton Shire ..	5,844	5,840	1,861	1,877	721·00
Avon Shire‡	3,236	3,170	838	848	976·50
Bairnsdale Town‡§	..	8,220	..	2,415	10·50
Bairnsdale Shire‡	11,566	3,420	3,550	1,209	879·50
Buln Buln Shire ..	8,700	8,760	2,525	2,581	486·00
Maffra Shire ..	8,510	8,510	2,463	2,494	1,611·00
Mirboo Shire ..	2,116	2,120	586	594	98·00
Moe City ..	16,555	16,650	4,221	4,288	8·26
Morwell Shire ..	20,829	21,240	5,257	5,662	259·00
Narracan Shire ..	9,045	9,040	2,616	2,653	892·00
Orbost Shire ..	6,434	6,600	1,999	2,045	3,700·00
Rosedale Shire ..	4,904	4,940	1,719	1,768	879·00
Sale City‡	8,643	8,800	2,317	2,393	9·88
South Gippsland Shire	5,407	5,430	1,725	1,756	553·00
Tambo Shire ..	5,558	5,590	2,038	2,099	1,356·00
Traralgon City ..	14,080	14,170	3,662	3,710	7·70
Traralgon Shire ..	1,264	1,270	336	342	180·30
Warragul Shire ..	9,928	10,010	2,783	2,853	136·00
Woorayl Shire ..	8,927	8,980	3,039	3,104	481·00
Yallourn Works Area ..	4,250	4,240	1,096	1,091	13·52
Not Incorporated (Gippsland Lakes, Bass Strait Islands)	..	..	..	..	129·51
Total Division ..	155,796	157,000	44,631	45,782	13,387·67
EAST CENTRAL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
Bass Shire ..	3,857	3,860	1,505	1,535	203·00
Berwick Shire (Part) ..	8,909	8,930	2,907	2,950	280·06
Cranbourne Shire (Part)	3,793	3,810	1,101	1,121	133·31
Healesville Shire (Part)	1,299	1,290	482	485	239·12
Korumburra Shire ..	7,354	7,330	2,171	2,181	237·00
Phillip Island Shire ..	1,408	1,420	1,468	1,568	39·00
Upper Yarra Shire ..	5,456	5,440	2,112	2,153	612·00
Wonthaggi Borough ..	4,026	4,020	1,419	1,438	20·45
Not Incorporated (French Island) ..	210	200	34	36	65·00
Total Division ..	36,312	36,300	13,199	13,467	1,828·94
SUMMARY					
Statistical Divisions—					
Melbourne ..	2,230,793	2,277,300	661,788	683,679	2,368·25
West Central ..	147,696	150,100	46,237	47,825	2,382·65
North Central ..	64,126	64,300	20,325	20,695	4,636·27
Western ..	203,432	204,300	58,495	59,165	14,305·04
Wimmera ..	60,017	60,200	17,939	18,162	12,206·39
Mallee ..	65,021	65,500	18,353	18,609	14,374·72
Northern ..	167,317	169,000	47,856	48,802	10,172·41
North Eastern ..	86,719	87,400	24,918	25,409	12,221·66
Gippsland ..	155,796	157,000	44,631	45,782	13,387·67
East Central ..	36,312	36,300	13,199	13,467	1,828·94
Migratory ..	2,988	2,996	..	..	..
Total Victoria ..	3,220,217	3,274,396	953,741	981,595	87,884·00

NOTE.—Due to rounding, the sum of the areas of the individual municipalities do not add to the area of their Statistical Division in all cases, nor to the area of the State as a whole.

VICTORIA—POPULATION, DWELLINGS, AND AREA—*continued*

* Dwellings include private and other dwellings, whether occupied or unoccupied.

† The following portions of the Shires of Berwick, Cranbourne, and Healesville are included in the Melbourne Statistical Division :

Berwick : Berwick, Doveton, and parts of Pakenham and Beaconsfield Ridings.

Cranbourne : Cranbourne Riding and part of Tooradin Riding.

Healesville : Town Riding, West Riding and part of Central Riding.

‡ During the period 1 July 1966 to 30 June 1967, the boundaries of the municipalities listed below were re-defined with change of area. The effective date of the transfer of the area transferred and the square miles involved are shown in each case.

Avon Shire to Sale City—1 October 1966, 0·017 sq. miles.

Avon Shire to Sale City—31 May 1967, 1·48 sq. miles.

Bairnsdale Shire to Bairnsdale Town—31 May 1967, 10·50 sq. miles.

§ Bairnsdale Town was created on 31 May 1967. The following Shires were declared Cities : Doncaster and Templestowe (28 February 1967), Frankston (24 August 1966).

¶ The populations of the City of Benalla and the Shire of Wodonga include residents at migrant centres. The Benalla Migrant centre closed on 8 December 1967.

Immigration

General

Since the end of the Second World War, a programme of planned, large-scale immigration has been one of Australia's major objectives. The reasons include :

- (1) *Economic factors.* The desire to develop Australia's resources in order to strengthen and diversify the economy, increase living standards, and maintain full employment.
- (2) *Strategic factors.* The Second World War brought realisation of the need to populate and develop Australia as rapidly as possible.
- (3) *Social and humanitarian factors.* The desire to help many refugees and others in Europe, who were unable or unwilling to return to former homelands, and who wished to emigrate overseas.
- (4) *Demographic factors.* The low birthrate during the depression years meant that the numbers entering the workforce would not be sufficient to meet the needs of expansion.

Between October 1945 and December 1967, 2,789,273 persons came to Australia as "permanent and long-term arrivals", 1,363,075 of whom were assisted migrants.

Annual Immigration Programmes

Australia's annual immigration programmes are based on "settler arrivals", i.e., persons who on arrival in Australia declare their intention of remaining here permanently. The target figure is determined each year in the light of existing economic conditions.

The 1966-67 immigration programme provided for 148,000 settlers. During this period, arrivals against this programme totalled 138,676.

Sources of Migrants

The immigration programme has three major components :

- (1) Assisted migrants from the United Kingdom, Europe, and certain other countries (see below) ;
- (2) the traditional "free flow" of British subjects coming to Australia outside the assisted immigration programme ; and
- (3) other persons coming to Australia outside the assisted passage programme who, before entry, are required to obtain visas.

Australian Migration Missions Overseas

The Commonwealth Department of Immigration maintains offices in the United Kingdom, Germany, Netherlands, Belgium, Denmark, Sweden (also covering Finland and Norway), Austria, Italy, Greece, Spain, Switzerland, France, Malta, United Arab Republic, Hong Kong, and Lebanon.

Assisted Migration

Australia has assisted migration agreements with the United Kingdom, Malta, Germany, and the Netherlands and Italy. In addition, there are migration arrangements, made in conjunction with the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration, with Austria, Belgium, Greece, and Spain. (The Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration also takes part in assisted migration from Germany, the Netherlands, and Italy.) Assistance is also given by Australia under the General Assisted Passage Scheme to nationals of Denmark, Eire, Finland, France, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States of America, countries of Central and South America, to nationals of Spain and Portugal living outside their home countries, and to certain other categories of migrants. Assistance under the General Assisted Passage Scheme is also available to a wide range of British nationals living outside the United Kingdom.

Assisted arrivals in Australia under various schemes, from their inception to December 1967 have been as follows :

**AUSTRALIA : PERSONS ARRIVING UNDER ASSISTED
MIGRATION SCHEMES**

Assisted Migration Scheme	Date of Commencement of Scheme	Number
United Kingdom	April 1947 ..	758,649
Refugee	November 1947 ..	216,849
German	August 1952 ..	83,656
Netherlands	April 1951 ..	72,542
Italian	August 1951 ..	41,711
Greek	August 1952 ..	46,817
Maltese	January 1949 ..	38,957
General Assisted Passage Schemes ..	September 1954 ..	37,522
Austrian	August 1952 ..	20,125
Spanish	August 1958 ..	8,212
Belgian	February 1961 ..	2,209
Other Schemes .. .. .	.. .. .	35,826
Total .. .. .	.. .. .	1,363,075

Immigration Organisation

The State Government, through its Immigration Office, plays an important part in British assisted migration. (See also below.) It receives personal nominations for relatives and friends, and employer nominations for workers, and is also responsible for the reception and after-care arrangements for those migrants. Other official immigration functions are the responsibility of the Commonwealth Department of Immigration, which has a branch office in Melbourne.

Government activity in the field of migration is aided and supplemented by a number of advisory bodies and voluntary organisations, including the Commonwealth Immigration Planning Council, the Commonwealth Immigration Advisory Council, the Commonwealth Immigration Publicity Council, the Good Neighbour Movement, and the Citizenship Convention held each year in Canberra.

Accommodation

Initial accommodation may be provided in centres and hostels for assisted migrants. The Victorian State Government has a reception centre for British migrants arriving under State auspices.

The Commonwealth Department of Immigration has a Migrant Reception Centre at Bonegilla in Wodonga Shire for assisted European migrants, while Commonwealth Hostels Limited has nine hostels in Victoria at Altona, Broadmeadows, Brooklyn, Fisherman's Bend, Holmesglen, Maribyrnong, Norlane, Nunawading, and Preston where assisted British and European migrants stay until they have arranged private accommodation.

State Immigration Office

The State Immigration Office was formed as a result of an agreement at the Premiers' Conference of 1946, when the States undertook the responsibility of dealing with nominations of British migrants, their reception, transit accommodation, travel to their final destination, and aftercare.

The ultimate arrival of a migrant in Victoria usually stems from a personal nomination lodged on his account by a resident of the State or by a group nomination. The former may be a relative, friend, or employer; the latter are usually commercial enterprises which seek to recruit particular categories of workers. The most essential requirement of any nomination is that an adequate guarantee of accommodation be provided.

Between January 1947 and December 1967, the State approved 51,977 personal nominations involving 131,290 persons. Under personal and group nominations, 129,946 British migrants have arrived in Victoria. Many of these migrants have been skilled technicians sponsored by group nominations such as Victorian Railways, Melbourne and Metropolitan Tramways Board, and the State Electricity Commission. Their arrival has greatly augmented Victoria's labour force.

The State Immigration Office has its own group nomination, under which single persons or married couples who are without sponsors may apply for assisted passages. The nomination is in no way restricted to any particular type of occupation ; it is open to all. Migrants who arrive under this nomination are provided with accommodation at the State Immigration Reception Centre until such time as private accommodation is available. At the same time, the Office undertakes to secure employment for these migrants.

The State Immigration Office renders every assistance in order that migrants may be quickly assimilated into the Victorian community. Where migrants who have arrived under personal nomination are experiencing accommodation difficulties, temporary hostel accommodation is sometimes provided. Assistance is also given in securing suitable employment. The welfare facilities of the State Office are available to migrants and close liaison is maintained with churches and social organisations.

Immigration into Victoria

Because of interstate movements, overseas migration for a particular State can only be measured at the time of a census from information gathered on birthplace, nationality, and period of residence in Australia.

A comparison of the results of the 1966 Census with those of the 1947 Census shows clearly the contribution of immigration to Victoria's population growth. Between 1947 and 1966 the number of overseas born persons in Australia increased by 1,713,875. Over the same period the number of overseas born people in Victoria increased by 501,998 which represented 43·1 per cent of the total population increase of 1,164,825. This gain due to migration is further augmented when births to migrant parents are taken into consideration.

Of all overseas-born persons living in Australia at 30 June 1966, 31·9 per cent were living in Victoria.

At 30 June 1966, one person in every five in Victoria was born outside Australia—680,598 persons in a population of 3,219,526. This is more than twice the proportion and three times the number in 1947—178,600, 8·7 per cent of a population of 2,054,701.

Major birthplaces of the overseas-born in 1966 were United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland 239,406, Italy 111,219, Greece 64,275, Germany 37,270, Netherlands 34,646, Malta 26,452, Poland 24,697, Yugoslavia 24,634, and New Zealand 11,683.

Of the 680,598 Victorian residents born overseas, 174,427 had been in Australia for less than five years, 391,004 arrived between 1947 and 1961, and 100,583 arrived prior to 1947. (Details for the remaining 14,584 overseas-born persons are not known.)

Overseas Arrivals and Departures

Overseas arrivals and departures in each State, during the years 1963 to 1967, are shown in the following table :

**AUSTRALIA—OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES
BY STATES**

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australia
ARRIVALS								
1963 ..	249,208	71,860	22,280	8,845	25,354	130	3,050	380,727
1964 ..	294,578	86,467	28,309	12,370	27,135	92	3,406	452,357
1965 ..	346,099	100,525	32,766	9,869	31,735	101	4,041	525,136
1966 ..	369,679	94,276	39,188	10,095	39,565	185	4,603	557,591
1967 ..	429,246	95,852	51,874	6,963	47,536	281	5,418	637,170
DEPARTURES								
1963 ..	215,889	44,711	23,674	6,031	16,020	199	2,558	309,082
1964 ..	247,276	51,079	26,321	6,880	18,535	193	2,731	353,015
1965 ..	297,716	55,706	32,374	8,706	22,298	208	3,272	420,280
1966 ..	331,993	58,667	39,362	9,019	26,776	317	4,531	470,665
1967 ..	386,455	60,393	51,668	8,222	32,697	346	5,480	545,261

NOTE.—The above table indicates the State or Territory where passengers disembarked from or embarked on the ship or aircraft. Because numbers of passengers use interstate transport to commence or complete their journey, the figures do not indicate the precise effect on the population of the States of movements to and from overseas countries.

The following table shows details of permanent and long term movement and short term movement to and from Australia and Victoria for the years 1963 to 1967 :

AUSTRALIA AND VICTORIA—OVERSEAS MIGRATION

Year	Australia					Victoria*			
	Permanent and Long Term Movement†		Short Term Movement			Permanent and Long Term Movement†	Short Term Movement		Total
	Settlers	Other	Australian Residents Returning or Departing Temporarily	Visitors	Total		Australian Residents Returning or Departing Temporarily	Visitors	
ARRIVALS									
1963 ..	108,150	36,018	111,182	125,377	380,727	43,412	16,061	12,387	71,860
1964 ..	134,464	38,661	131,354	147,878	452,357	53,418	18,480	14,569	86,467
1965 ..	147,507	43,757	160,544	173,328	525,136	62,375	22,093	16,057	100,525
1966 ..	141,033	47,526	181,770	187,262	557,591	55,254	23,230	15,792	94,276
1967 ..	135,019	57,292	223,038	221,821	637,170	54,409	24,800	16,643	95,852
DEPARTURES									
1963 ..	9,102	58,222	112,427	129,331	309,082	16,709	17,275	10,727	44,711
1964 ..	7,828	61,298	133,248	150,641	353,015	18,990	20,561	13,628	51,079
1965 ..	14,803	64,852	161,692	178,933	420,280	18,373	23,138	14,195	55,706
1966 ..	18,343	74,285	183,161	194,876	470,665	20,822	23,478	14,367	58,667
1967 ..	22,302	73,451	217,746	231,762	545,261	20,071	24,482	15,840	60,393

* See note to preceding table.

† "Permanent and Long Term" movement relates to persons arriving who state that they intend to reside in Australia permanently or for a period of one year or more, and to persons departing who state that they intend to reside abroad permanently or for a period of one year or more.

Citizenship and Naturalisation

The *Nationality and Citizenship Act* 1948 commenced on Australia Day (26 January) 1949, and repealed all previous Commonwealth legislation on this subject. The most significant effect of the Act was the creation for the first time of the status of "Australian Citizen". In this respect the Act was complementary to citizenship legislation passed or about to be passed by other countries of the British Commonwealth. All Australian citizens, and the citizens of other countries of the British Commonwealth, are declared to be British subjects. Australian citizenship was automatically acquired as from 26 January 1949, by persons who were British subjects at that date and who either (a) were born in Australia or New Guinea; or (b) were naturalised in Australia; or (c) had been residing in Australia during the five years immediately preceding 26 January 1949; or (d) were born outside Australia of fathers to whom (a) or (b) above applied (provided the persons concerned had entered Australia without being placed under any immigration restriction); or (e) were women who had been married to men who became Australian citizens under the above headings (provided that the women concerned had entered Australia without being placed under immigration restriction). For the purposes of the Act, "Australia" includes Norfolk Island and the Territory of Papua, and by an amendment of the Act in 1950 it was further provided that Nauru shall be treated in the same manner as New Guinea.

Since the Act's commencement, citizenship may be acquired in the following ways: (1) By birth in Australia; (2) by birth outside Australia of a father who is an Australian citizen, provided that the birth is registered at an Australian Consulate; (3) by registration—Certificates of Registration as Australian citizens may be granted by the Minister to British subjects or Irish citizens who make application and satisfy the Minister that they can comply with specified requirements as to residence in Australia, good character, and intention to reside permanently in Australia; and (4) by naturalisation—Certificates of Naturalisation as Australian citizens may be granted by the Minister to aliens who make application and can comply with requirements somewhat similar to those previously required under the *Nationality Act* 1920–1946. Requirements for naturalisation are: (1) Generally, five years' residence in Australia is required, but residence in other British countries or service under a British government may be accepted (special concessions in the matter of residence qualifications in respect of persons who have voluntarily enlisted in the armed forces were made by an amending Act of 1952); (2) the applicants must have an adequate knowledge of the responsibilities and privileges of citizenship; and (3) Certificates do not take effect until the applicant takes the Oath of Allegiance. The oath is taken, and citizenship is conferred, at public ceremonies held in the Town Hall of the applicant's place of residence, and presided over by the mayor or equivalent head of the local government.

The Declaration of Intention to apply for naturalisation, which was introduced by the original Act of 1948, is no longer compulsory, although it can still be made if an intending applicant so desires. This change was made by the amending Acts of 1955 and 1959 under

the provisions of which aliens may lodge applications on completing four and a half years' residence, but may not be granted naturalisation until five years' residence has been completed.

Under the Act, the independence of married women in nationality matters is recognised, and British nationality is restored to those women who had lost it through marriage to aliens. Marriage does not now affect a woman's nationality. Alien women who marry Australian citizens may, however, be naturalised under somewhat easier conditions than those which apply to other aliens.

The following table shows the persons of each nationality granted naturalisation certificates in Victoria during the five years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—PREVIOUS NATIONALITY OF PERSONS NATURALISED

Nationality	Number of Naturalisation Certificates Granted					Total Granted 1963 to 1967	
	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	No.	Per cent
Albanian	25	13	15	15	20	88	0.14
Austrian	245	272	207	175	269	1,168	1.86
Belgian	16	5	7	13	40	81	0.12
Bulgarian	23	13	15	14	18	83	0.14
Byelorussian	14	13	10	15	16	68	0.10
Chinese	63	107	59	106	332	667	1.07
Czechoslovak	99	80	84	56	52	371	0.59
Danish	66	52	46	26	40	230	0.36
Dutch	1,465	1,646	1,503	1,047	1,495	7,156	11.40
Estonian	45	47	16	27	21	156	0.25
Finnish	16	51	54	36	64	221	0.35
French	41	36	32	35	52	196	0.31
German	1,052	1,138	1,062	890	1,320	5,462	8.70
Greek	1,885	1,664	1,579	1,322	2,853	9,303	14.82
Hungarian	1,082	696	599	446	564	3,387	5.39
Israeli	200	212	128	67	160	767	1.22
Italian	3,038	3,088	3,209	3,296	5,742	18,373	29.26
Japanese	16	15	16	11	10	68	0.11
Latvian	202	164	108	122	147	743	1.19
Lebanese	51	41	35	31	70	228	0.36
Lithuanian	85	73	66	63	48	335	0.53
Norwegian	16	20	15	16	15	82	0.13
Polish	1,130	1,065	903	626	1,028	4,752	7.57
Romanian	41	33	29	24	57	184	0.29
Russian	101	112	72	98	152	535	0.86
Spanish	16	21	16	22	40	115	0.18
Swedish	4	11	6	13	15	49	0.08
Swiss	32	35	33	31	56	187	0.29
Turkish	5	17	12	11	15	60	0.10
Ukrainian	302	195	199	160	158	1,014	1.62
Yugoslav	812	1,024	1,120	946	1,907	5,809	9.25
U.S. American	16	25	16	20	38	115	0.18
Other Nationalities	43	22	30	30	96	221	0.35
Stateless	149	90	97	59	122	517	0.83
Total	12,396	12,096	11,398	9,869	17,032	62,791	100.00

NOTE.—The above figures relate to the number of certificates granted, and do not represent the total number of persons affected by the certificates. In addition to the figures shown, there were 2,055 children in 1963, 1,799 in 1964, 1,670 in 1965, 1,330 in 1966 and 1,974 in 1967 affected by grant of certificates.

Aborigines in Victoria

On 1 January 1968, the Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs succeeded the former Aborigines Welfare Board. The Ministry, which has assumed all the responsibilities of the former Board, is headed by a Director who is also the Permanent Head.

One hundred and sixty Aboriginal families have been accommodated in houses provided by the Government in the last nine years, and an additional 190 families have been housed by the Housing

Commission. Previous subsidy systems have been reviewed, and Aboriginal families are being encouraged to accept responsibility for rental on the same basis as other tenants of the Housing Commission and Ministry houses. Some Aboriginal people have also been assisted to purchase their own homes.

Since the Ministry was formed, special emphasis has been laid on consultation with Aboriginal persons regarding all aspects of Aboriginal affairs in Victoria. The Aboriginal Affairs Advisory Council, which was established under the *Aboriginal Affairs Act 1967*, includes a number of Aboriginal persons, and the purpose of the Council is to advise the Minister on matters relating to Aboriginal Affairs in this State. The Ministry has also formed a number of Committees, including several all-Aboriginal Committees, to assist it in establishing an acceptable policy.

There are 4,586 acres set aside as permanent Aboriginal Reserves at Lake Tyers and Framlingham. Lake Tyers has a population of eighty and Framlingham sixty persons.

In 1967-68, Government expenditure on Aboriginal affairs was \$544,000, in addition to Commonwealth Social Service Payments.

Vital Statistics

Introduction

Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages

The system of compulsory registration of births, deaths, and marriages in Victoria has been in force since 1853, and the registers contain all necessary information bearing on the family history of the people. The statutory duties under the Registration Acts are performed by the Government Statist, who has supervision over registration officers, registrars of marriages, and (relating to their registration duties) the clergymen who celebrate marriages. Copies of entries certified by the Government Statist or by an Assistant Government Statist or an authorised registration officer are *prima facie* evidence in the Courts of Australia of the facts to which they relate. At the Government Statist's Office there is kept for reference a complete collection of all registrations effected since 1 July 1853, as well as originals or certified copies of all existing church records relating to earlier periods, as far back as 1837.

Law Relating to Births, Deaths, and Marriages

The various Acts relating to the registration of births, deaths, and marriages in Victoria were consolidated in 1958.

In November 1959, a Bill was placed before Parliament to reorganise the system of registration of births and deaths in Victoria. This new legislation known as the *Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act 1959*, which came into operation on 1 October 1960, was designed to allow registrations of births and deaths to be effected by post instead of through those persons who previously held office as Registrars of Births and Deaths. No alteration, however, was made to the system of registration of marriages. In 1961, the Commonwealth Parliament passed the *Marriage Act 1961*. A few minor provisions (relating mainly to certain extensions of the application of the prohibited

degrees) came into operation on the date the Act received the Royal Assent (6 May 1961), and the remainder of the Act came into operation on 1 September 1963. On this date, the Act superseded the marriage laws of all the States, the two mainland Territories, and Norfolk Island.

The principal numbers and rates relating to vital statistics in Victoria from 1963 to 1967 are given in the following table :

VICTORIA—SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

Year	Number of—				Rate per 1,000 of Mean Population			Infant Mortality
	Marriages	Live Births	Deaths	Infant Deaths *	Marriages	Live Births	Deaths	Deaths under One Year per 1,000 Live Births
1963	22,061	65,649	26,920	1,242	7.25	21.59	8.85	18.9
1964	24,169	64,990	27,548	1,098	7.78	20.93	8.87	16.9
1965	26,421	63,550	28,031	1,109	8.35	20.08	8.86	17.5
1966	27,089	64,008	28,673	1,116	8.41	19.87	8.90	17.4
1967	28,004	65,485	28,373	1,101	8.55	19.98	8.66	16.8

* Included in deaths.

NOTE.—Rates have been re-calculated on the basis of a new series of intercensal population estimates. When final results of the 1966 Census become available the rates may be further revised.

Marriages

Marriages in Victoria in 1967 numbered 28,004, an increase of 915 on the number registered in 1966. The rate per 1,000 of mean population in 1967 was 8.85, compared with a rate of 8.41 in 1966. The highest rate ever recorded in Victoria was 12.06 in 1942, and the lowest 5.66 in 1931.

The following tables show the number of marriages and the marriage rate per 1,000 of mean population in the Australian States and Territories for each of the five years 1963 to 1967 :

AUSTRALIA—NUMBER OF MARRIAGES

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963..	.. 30,999	22,061	11,431	7,302	5,755	2,579	260	529	80,916
1964..	.. 32,633	24,169	11,752	7,765	6,023	2,869	233	569	86,013
1965..	.. 35,176	26,421	12,967	8,680	6,448	2,888	296	670	93,546
1966..	.. 35,575	27,089	13,325	9,051	7,001	2,946	312	747	96,046
1967..	.. 37,077	28,004	13,634	9,434	7,430	3,213	325	883	100,000

AUSTRALIA—MARRIAGE RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory†	Australian Capital Territory†	Australia
1963	.. 7.66	7.25	7.29	7.24	7.40	7.15	8.6	7.2	7.42
1964	.. 7.95	7.78	7.34	7.50	7.55	7.87	7.0	7.1	7.73
1965	.. 8.43	8.35	7.94	8.16	7.91	7.85	8.4	7.6	8.25
1966	.. 8.40	8.41	8.01	8.29	8.36	7.93	8.3	7.7	8.31
1967	.. 8.60	8.55	8.01	8.49	8.47	8.53	5.5	8.5	8.46

* See note below summary table above.

† Based on too few events to warrant calculation to second place of decimals.

The relative ages of bridegrooms and brides who married in Victoria in 1967 are shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—RELATIVE AGES OF BRIDEGROOMS AND BRIDES, 1967

Ages of Bridegrooms* (Years)	Ages of Brides* (Years)															Total Bridegrooms
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 and over		
16
17	7	12	7	5	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36
18	1	70	138	118	70	46	33	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	479
19	7	126	227	300	243	162	122	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,204
20 ..	1	4	80	238	401	386	368	304	15	1	..	..	..	..	..	1,798
21 to 24 ..	3	8	150	403	976	1,920	2,662	5,600	497	34	10	4	..	..	..	12,267
25 to 29	3	40	106	275	569	893	3,555	1,286	196	38	10	4	2	..	6,977
30 to 34	5	10	34	77	128	713	647	255	81	29	11	5	..	1,995
35 to 39	1	3	6	10	21	165	290	265	179	84	32	18	..	1,074
40 to 44	1	1	2	6	39	109	136	148	137	61	40	..	680
45 to 49	1	1	16	25	47	83	93	89	66	..	421
50 to 54	1	4	14	19	31	74	86	114	..	343
55 to 59	6	2	11	16	29	56	134	..	254
60 to 64	4	10	7	23	164	..	208
65 and over	1	1	1	1	4	13	247	..	268
Total Brides	4	23	479	1,138	2,118	3,283	4,291	10,560	2,906	969	597	471	375	790	..	28,004

* The number of bridegrooms under 18 years and brides under 16 years of age are restricted by the provisions of the *Marriage Act* 1961. See pages 145-6.

Of every 1,000 men who married during 1967, 779 were older and 126 were younger than their brides, and 95 were of the same age. In 1967 the oldest bridegroom was aged 87 years and the oldest bride aged 82 years.

The percentages in age groups of bridegrooms and brides who married in 1967 are shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—PERCENTAGES OF BRIDEGROOMS AND BRIDES IN AGE GROUPS, 1967

Age Group (Years)	Percentage of Total		Age Group (Years)	Percentage of Total	
	Bridegrooms	Brides		Bridegrooms	Brides
14	*	30 to 34 ..	7.2	3.5
15	*	35 to 39 ..	3.8	2.1
16	1.8	40 to 44 ..	2.4	1.7
17	0.1	45 to 49 ..	1.5	1.3
18	1.7	50 to 54 ..	1.2	1.2
19	4.3	55 to 59 ..	1.0	0.6
20	6.4	60 and over ..	1.7	1.1
21 to 24	43.8			
25 to 29	24.9			
				100.0	100.0

* Less than 0.1

The number of minors marrying at each age and the proportion of each sex to the total marriages are given in the following table for each of the five years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—MARRIAGES OF MINORS

Year	Age in Years								Total		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Number	Percentage of Total Marriages	
BRIDEGROOMS											
1963	1	14	89	320	638	1,066	2,128	9·65
1964	6	36	415	727	1,302	2,486	10·29
1965	3	40	531	1,009	1,501	3,084	11·67
1966	3	32	499	1,303	1,467	3,304	12·20
1967	36	479	1,204	1,798	3,517	12·56
BRIDES											
1963	..	2	16	104	491	930	1,622	2,325	2,640	8,130	36·85
1964	10	532	1,104	1,849	2,564	3,114	9,173	37·95
1965	1	17	519	1,165	2,271	2,848	3,305	10,126	38·33
1966	2	24	530	1,105	2,162	3,488	3,529	10,840	40·02
1967	4	23	479	1,138	2,118	3,283	4,291	11,336	40·48

A feature of Victorian marriages since the end of the Second World War has been the increase in the proportion of marriages which involve minors. In 1947, 4·82 per cent of bridegrooms and 22·94 per cent of brides were under 21 years of age. In 1967, these percentages were 12·56 and 40·48, respectively, and in 10·1 per cent of marriages both parties were under 21 years of age.

The mean ages at marriage, according to conjugal condition, are shown in the following table for each of the five years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—MEAN AGE AT MARRIAGE

Year	Bridegrooms				Brides				
	Bachelors	Widowers	Divorced	All Bridegrooms	Spinsters	Widows	Divorced	All Brides	
1963	..	26·0	56·3	42·3	27·9	22·8	49·6	38·3	24·6
1964	..	25·8	56·7	43·0	27·7	22·7	49·3	38·0	24·4
1965	..	25·6	56·0	41·8	27·5	22·5	50·1	37·9	24·3
1966	..	25·4	56·4	41·2	27·2	22·4	50·2	38·4	24·1
1967	..	25·3	56·3	41·6	27·0	22·4	50·3	38·0	24·1

In general terms, the age in relation to which approximately half the number of bachelors was younger, and approximately half was older (the median age), was 24 years. The corresponding age for spinsters was 21 years. More bachelors were married at 23 years and spinsters at 20 years (the modal ages) than at any other age.

In the following tables are given the number of persons in each conjugal condition marrying during each of the five years 1963 to 1967, and the proportions in each condition for periods since 1930 :

VICTORIA—CONJUGAL CONDITION OF PERSONS MARRYING

Period	Bridegrooms			Brides			Total Marriages
	Bachelors	Widowers	Divorced	Spinsters	Widows	Divorced	
1963 ..	20,142	839	1,080	20,112	784	1,165	22,061
1964 ..	22,172	771	1,226	22,064	849	1,256	24,169
1965 ..	24,190	870	1,361	24,126	927	1,368	26,421
1966 ..	24,834	915	1,340	24,773	918	1,398	27,089
1967 ..	25,786	845	1,373	25,704	931	1,369	28,004

VICTORIA—TOTAL MARRIAGES IN 1967 AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS MARRYING IN EACH CONJUGAL CONDITION, 1930 TO 1967

Marriages Between—	1967		Conjugal Condition	Percentage of Total—			
	Number	Percentage		1930-39	1940-49	1950-59	1967
BRIDEGROOMS							
Bachelors and Spinsters ..	24,735	88.3	Bachelors	92.3	90.5	89.5	92.0
Bachelors and Widows ..	284	1.0	Widowers	5.5	4.9	4.5	3.0
Bachelors and Divorced Women	767	2.7	Divorced	2.2	4.6	6.0	5.0
Widowers and Spinsters ..	251	0.9	Total ..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Widowers and Widows ..	438	1.6					
Widowers and Divorced Women	156	0.5	BRIDES				
Divorced Men and Spinsters	718	2.6	Spinsters	94.4	91.4	89.2	91.8
Divorced Men and Widows	209	0.8	Widows ..	3.4	3.9	4.4	3.4
Divorced Men and Divorced Women	446	1.6	Divorced	2.2	4.7	6.4	4.8
Total Marriages ..	28,004	100.0	Total ..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

In 1967, the number of marriages celebrated by ministers of religion was 25,801 representing 92 per cent of the total marriages. Civil marriages numbered 2,203 or 8 per cent of the total.

The number and proportion of civil marriages and of marriages solemnised according to the rites of the principal religious denominations for the year 1967 are shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—MARRIAGES, RELIGIOUS AND CIVIL, 1967

Category of Celebrant	Number	Proportion of Total Marriages
Ministers of Religion :—		
Recognised Denominations*		
Roman Catholic Church	7,995	28·54
Church of England in Australia	6,435	22·98
The Presbyterian Church of Australia	4,230	15·11
The Methodist Church of Australasia	3,018	10·78
Orthodox Church†	1,784	6·37
Churches of Christ in Australia	498	1·77
The Baptist Union of Australia	433	1·55
Congregational Union of Australia	321	1·15
Lutheran Church†	261	0·93
Jewry	198	0·71
The Salvation Army	135	0·48
Unitarians	70	0·24
Seventh Day Adventist Church	68	0·14
Jehovah's Witnesses	38	0·25
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints	34	0·11
Christian Brethren	31	0·12
Other Recognised Denominations	105	0·37
Other Ministers	147	0·53
Total Ministers of Religion	25,801	92·13
Civil Officers	2,203	7·87
Total Marriages	28,004	100·00

* Under authority of the Commonwealth *Marriage Act* 1961.

† Includes churches grouped under this heading in the proclamation made under the Commonwealth *Marriage Act* 1961.

The following table shows the number of civil marriages and proportion to total marriages performed for each of the five years 1963 to 1967. The number of civil marriages performed in the Office of the Government Statist and the proportion of these to total civil marriages are also shown.

VICTORIA—CIVIL MARRIAGES

Year	Total Civil Marriages		Performed in the Office of the Government Statist	
	Number	Percentage of Total Marriages	Number	Percentage of Total Civil Marriages
1963	1,901	8·62	1,673	88·01
1964	2,034	8·42	1,791	88·05
1965	2,254	8·53	1,962	87·05
1966	2,161	7·98	1,850	85·61
1967	2,203	7·87	1,846	83·79

Divorce

Until the operation of the *Matrimonial Causes Act 1959*, from 1 February 1961, the law in Victoria in regard to divorce was contained in the *Marriage Act 1958*. As the new Act introduced changes in provisions on divorce, figures since the date of operation of the Commonwealth Act may not be comparable with those of earlier years.

The following table gives the number of petitions filed by husbands and wives respectively, and the number of dissolutions of marriage and nullities of marriage granted during the year 1967. Every decree of dissolution of marriage is in the first instance a decree *nisi* and is generally not made absolute till the expiration of not less than three months thereafter.

VICTORIA—DIVORCES, 1967

Petition for—	Petitions Filed by—			Decrees Granted to—		
	Husbands	Wives	Total	Husbands	Wives	Total
Dissolution of Marriage	1,173*	1,541†	2,714	873	1,162	2,039‡
Nullity of Marriage ..	3	13	16	6	9	15
Judicial Separation ..	..	2	2	..	..	..
Total	1,176	1,556	2,732	879	1,171	2,054‡

* Includes six petitions for dissolution or nullity.

† Includes seven petitions for dissolution or nullity and one petition for dissolution or judicial separation.

‡ Includes four petitions granted to both parties of the marriage.

The following table shows the number of petitions filed and decrees granted for dissolution, nullity, and judicial separation for each of the five years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—DIVORCE: PETITIONS FILED AND DECREES GRANTED: DISSOLUTION, NULLITY, AND JUDICIAL SEPARATION

Year	Petitions Filed			Decrees Granted		
	Dissolution	Nullity	Judicial Separation	Dissolution	Nullity	Judicial Separation
1963 ..	2,172*	7	7	1,616	7	3
1964 ..	2,368*	15	7	2,130	19	2
1965 ..	2,516*	12	4	2,089	13	1
1966 ..	2,629*	14	1	2,131	11	2
1967 ..	2,714*	16	2	2,039	15	..

* Includes nine petitions for dual relief in 1963, eleven in 1964, fifteen in 1965, nine in 1966, and fourteen in 1967.

The grounds upon which divorces were granted during the year 1967 are set out in the following table :

VICTORIA—GROUNDS FOR DIVORCE, 1967

Grounds on Which Granted	Dissolution of Marriage		Nullity of Marriage		Judicial Separation	
	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions
Adultery	299	272	..	..	..	..
Adultery and Desertion	3	..	..	..	..	..
Cruelty	1	17	..	..	..	..
Desertion	399	596	..	..	..	..
Separation	167	249	..	..	..	..
Desertion and Separation	1	..	..	..	..	..
Other Grounds ..	3	28	6	9	..	..
Total	873	1,162	6	9	..	..

NOTE.—In addition to the above there were four instances where dissolutions were granted to both parties.

The following table shows the number of petitioners to whom decrees were granted in 1967, the ages of such petitioners at date of decree, and the number of their issue :

VICTORIA—DIVORCE PETITIONS GRANTED : AGES OF PETITIONERS (AT DATE OF DECREE) AND ISSUE, 1967

Ages of Petitioners (Years)	Dissolution of Marriage		Nullity of Marriage		Judicial Separation		Number of Children*	
	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions	Husbands' Petitions	Wives' Petitions
Under 20 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20-24 ..	22	79	..	2	..	..	18	78
25-29 ..	112	193	2	3	..	..	102	238
30-34 ..	136	206	1	..	..	..	181	306
35-39 ..	148	193	1	2	..	..	216	393
40-44 ..	156	201	2	..	..	..	275	373
45-49 ..	109	138	..	1	..	..	169	182
50-54 ..	80	95	..	1	..	..	71	71
55-59 ..	54	33	..	..	..	..	41	20
60 and over ..	56	24	..	..	..	..	19	5
Total ..	873	1,162	6	9	..	..	1,092	1,666

* Of the total of 2,758, eight children were the issue of marriages for which nullities were granted. In addition, nine children were the issue of marriages for which dissolutions were granted to both parties. (See note to preceding table).

In the following table particulars are given of the duration of marriage and issue in respect of the petitions granted for dissolution of marriage during 1967 :

VICTORIA—DISSOLUTIONS OF MARRIAGE : PETITIONS GRANTED : DURATION OF MARRIAGE AND ISSUE, 1967

Duration of Marriage (Years)	Number of Children							Total Dissolutions of Marriage	Total* Children
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6 and over		
1	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	3
2 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
3	17	8	..	..	..	..	..	25	8
4	53	24	3	2	..	..	..	82	36
5	47	38	9	2	..	..	..	96	62
6	42	32	27	7	1	..	..	109	111
7	31	37	21	2	..	..	..	93	93
8	41	28	26	8	3	..	..	106	116
9	34	30	27	10	1	..	..	102	118
10	28	36	30	14	3	1	..	112	155
11	25	18	27	7	3	1	1	82	116
12	17	23	26	8	2	1	..	77	112
13	9	20	24	15	4	..	1	79	135
14	22	18	19	13	7	..	..	79	123
15-19 ..	67	79	94	63	42	5	5	355	688
20-24 ..	50	69	95	58	26	11	8	317	645
25-29 ..	83	47	38	12	7	1	..	188	192
30-34 ..	53	16	7	1	..	1	..	78	38
35-39 ..	30	4	..	1	..	..	..	35	7
40 and over ..	23	1	..	..	..	..	..	24	1
Total Dissolutions of Marriage ..	677	528	473	224	101	21	15	2,039	..
Total Children ..	..	528	946	672	404	105	104	..	2,759

* Of the total of 2,759, nine children were the issue of marriages for which dissolutions were granted to both parties.

The following table shows the ages of the parties concerned in the decrees for dissolution of marriage, petitions for which had been granted during 1967 :

VICTORIA—DISSOLUTIONS OF MARRIAGE : PETITIONS GRANTED : AGES OF PARTIES AT DATE OF DECREE, 1967

Ages of Husbands (Years)	Ages of Wives (Years)										Total Husbands
	Under 21	21-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 and over	
21-24	6	30	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45
25-29	2	88	145	14	2	..	..	..	..	..	251
30-34	1	18	146	140	20	6	1	..	..	..	332
35-39 .. ..	..	4	40	138	125	28	4	1	1	..	341
40-44 .. ..	..	2	8	54	128	142	26	7	2	..	369
45-49 .. ..	..	1	2	5	37	129	105	14	2	1	296
50-54 .. ..	..	..	..	..	7	24	68	70	8	2	179
55-59 .. ..	..	..	..	..	4	10	26	45	25	6	116
60 and over ..	..	..	..	..	2	4	13	16	30	45	110
Total Wives ..	9	143	350	351	325	343	243	153	68	54	2,039

Births

General

The number of births registered in Victoria during the year 1967 was 65,485.

Stillbirths, which are excluded from births and deaths, numbered 797 and corresponded to a ratio of 12·17 per 1,000 infants born alive in 1967. The compulsory registration of still-born children became effective in 1953.

The following tables show the number of births and rates per 1,000 of mean population in each State and Territory from 1963 to 1967 :

AUSTRALIA—NUMBER OF BIRTHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963.. ..	84,065	65,649	35,934	21,367	17,290	8,530	859	1,995	235,689
1964.. ..	80,518	64,990	34,972	20,866	16,685	8,252	911	1,955	229,149
1965.. ..	78,069	63,550	33,551	20,891	16,186	7,535	914	2,158	222,854
1966.. ..	77,758	64,008	32,843	20,319	17,007	7,401	972	2,318	222,626
1967.. ..	78,841	65,485	34,692	20,386	18,023	7,547	1,921	2,401	229,296

AUSTRALIA—BIRTH-RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory†	Australian Capital Territory†	Australia
1963.. ..	20·77	21·59	22·90	21·20	22·23	23·66	28·4	27·2	21·61
1964.. ..	19·61	20·93	21·84	20·16	20·93	22·64	27·6	24·3	20·60
1965.. ..	18·71	20·08	20·54	19·63	19·85	20·48	25·8	24·4	19·65
1966.. ..	18·35	19·87	19·74	18·62	20·31	19·92	25·9	24·0	19·27
1967.. ..	18·30	19·98	20·37	18·34	20·55	20·04	32·3	23·1	19·40

* See note below summary table on page 146.

† Based on too few events to warrant calculation to second place of decimals.

The following table shows the number of births by sex, the ratio of male to female births, and the average ages of parents, in each year from 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—BIRTHS BY SEX, MASCULINITY, AVERAGE AGE OF FATHER AND MOTHER

Year	Males	Females	Total	Masculinity*	Average Age†	
					Father	Mother
1963 ..	33,988	31,661	65,649	107·35	31·1	27·7
1964 ..	33,511	31,479	64,990	106·46	31·1	27·6
1965 ..	32,494	31,056	63,550	104·63	30·9	27·5
1966 ..	32,782	31,226	64,008	104·98	30·8	27·3
1967 ..	33,529	31,956	65,485	104·92	30·6	27·2

* Number of male births per 100 female births.

† Average age of father and mother of nuptial children only.

The following table, relating to nuptial confinements, shows for 1967 the number of previous issue to mothers in the various age groups :

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL CONFINEMENTS : AGE GROUP OF MOTHER AND PREVIOUS ISSUE, 1967

Age Group of Mother (Years)	Number of Married Mothers with Previous Issue Numbering—											Total Married Mothers
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over	
Under 20 ..	3,489	771	64	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,330
20-24 ..	11,035	6,591	1,968	500	87	11	1	..	..	..	..	20,193
25-29 ..	5,310	6,836	4,681	2,066	693	234	77	23	10	2	1	19,933
30-34 ..	1,352	2,350	2,733	1,822	982	505	224	107	46	22	10	10,153
35-39 ..	523	781	961	931	642	446	282	175	100	56	45	4,942
40-44 ..	134	171	220	233	206	169	113	89	62	28	44	1,469
45-49 ..	2	7	12	14	17	11	8	7	7	8	8	101
Age Not Stated ..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Total ..	21,847	17,507	10,639	5,572	2,628	1,376	705	401	225	116	108	61,124
Proportion of Total Married Mothers	35·74	28·64	17·40	9·12	4·30	2·25	1·15	0·66	0·37	0·19	0·18	100·00

The average issue of married mothers in respect of whom births were registered in 1967 is shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL CONFINEMENTS : NUMBER OF MOTHERS IN AGE GROUPS, TOTAL ISSUE, AND AVERAGE ISSUE, 1967

Age Group of Mother (Years)	Number of Mothers	Total Issue	Average Issue
Under 20 ..	4,330	5,284	1·22
20-24 ..	20,193	32,792	1·62
25-29 ..	19,933	47,215	2·37
30-34 ..	10,153	32,799	3·23
35-39 ..	4,942	20,026	4·05
40-44 ..	1,469	7,004	4·77
45-49 ..	101	623	6·17
Age Not Stated ..	3	7	2·33
Total ..	61,124	145,750	2·38

The following table shows nuptial confinements according to the relative age groups of parents for the year 1967 :

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL CONFINEMENTS : RELATIVE AGE GROUPS OF PARENTS, 1967

Age Group of Father (Years)	Age Group of Mother (Years)								Total Fathers
	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	Not Stated	
Under 20 ..	654	142	..	..	..	..	..	..	796
20-24 ..	2,829	7,266	616	31	5	..	..	1	10,748
25-29 ..	707	9,981	9,355	701	45	6	..	1	20,796
30-34 ..	111	2,277	7,498	4,537	469	40	..	..	14,932
35-39 ..	26	405	2,003	3,639	2,229	204	3	..	8,509
40-44 ..	3	80	372	1,013	1,651	675	22	..	3,816
45-49 ..	..	30	52	176	422	382	55	..	1,117
50 and over ..	..	7	34	53	118	160	21	..	393
Not Stated ..	..	5	3	3	3	2	..	1	17
Married Mothers	4,330	20,193	19,933	10,153	4,942	1,469	101	3	61,124

Nuptial first births according to age group of mother and duration of marriage are shown in the following table for the year 1967 :

VICTORIA—NUPTIAL FIRST BIRTHS : AGE GROUP OF MOTHER AND DURATION OF MARRIAGE, 1967

Age Group of Mother (Years)	Duration of Marriage															Total Nuptial First Births		
	Months											Years						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3		4	5 and over
Under 20 ..	55	92	115	203	374	644	656	241	109	152	131	129	492	80	12	4	..	3,489
20-24 ..	41	60	87	145	247	491	589	314	339	722	591	480	3,730	2,055	819	250	75	11,035
25-29 ..	10	13	12	22	30	57	79	76	109	227	184	158	1,300	1,041	812	511	669	5,310
30-34 ..	4	6	..	5	3	14	25	17	31	78	60	45	328	158	118	79	381	1,352
35-39 ..	2	..	1	2	4	9	11	5	12	19	21	24	129	61	37	34	152	523
40-44 ..	5	..	..	1	..	3	..	1	2	5	8	2	22	18	15	8	44	134
45-49 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2
Not Stated ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2
Total	117	171	215	378	658	1,219	1,360	654	602	1,203	995	838	6,002	3,413	1,813	886	1,323	21,847

The number of cases of multiple births and the proportions per 1,000 of the total cases of births in each of the five years 1963 to 1967 were as follows :

VICTORIA—MULTIPLE BIRTHS*

Year	Cases of Twins	Cases of Triplets	Total Multiple Cases	Multiple Cases per 1,000 of Total Confinements
1963	776	6	782	12·05
1964	719	4	723	11·25
1965	639	12	651	10·35
1966	714	7	721	11·39
1967	691	11	703†	10·85

* Excludes confinements where the births were of stillborn children only.

† Includes one case of quadruplets.

On the average of the five years 1963 to 1967, mothers of twins were one in 90 of all mothers whose confinements were recorded, mothers of triplets one in 7,808, and mothers of all multiple births one in 89 mothers.

The following tables show the number of ex-nuptial births and the percentage of ex-nuptial births to total births in each State and Territory in Australia in the years 1963 to 1967 :

AUSTRALIA—EX-NUPTIAL BIRTHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963.. ..	4,823	3,078	2,661	1,059	1,229	464	102	38	13,454
1964.. ..	5,427	3,402	2,898	1,239	1,311	502	103	43	14,925
1965.. ..	5,700	3,245	3,202	1,310	1,439	471	102	62	15,531
1966.. ..	6,024	3,578	3,227	1,372	1,607	524	135	74	16,541
1967.. ..	6,300	3,699	3,525	1,375	1,944	562	259	70	17,734

AUSTRALIA—EX-NUPTIAL BIRTHS : PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL BIRTHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963.. ..	5·74	4·69	7·41	4·96	7·11	5·44	11·87	1·90	5·71
1964.. ..	6·74	5·23	8·29	5·94	7·86	6·08	11·31	2·20	6·51
1965.. ..	7·30	5·11	9·54	6·27	8·89	6·25	11·16	2·87	6·97
1966.. ..	7·75	5·59	9·83	6·75	9·45	7·08	13·89	3·19	7·43
1967.. ..	7·99	5·65	10·16	6·74	10·79	7·45	13·48	2·92	7·73

The ages of mothers of ex-nuptial children in Victoria are shown in the following table for the years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—AGES OF MOTHERS OF EX-NUPTIAL CHILDREN

Age of Mother (Years)	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
12	1	..	..	..	1
13	4	4	1	4	..
14	9	15	20	21	11
15	73	67	80	79	70
16	150	209	167	178	207
17	239	295	276	328	320
18	279	350	376	381	417
19	289	325	335	413	401
20	241	280	282	271	373
21-24 ..	645	671	673	778	823
25-29 ..	461	500	416	478	502
30-34 ..	325	320	303	290	283
35-39 ..	243	249	204	219	179
40-44 ..	73	79	80	93	56
45 and over ..	5	7	5	6	12
Not Stated..	..	..	..	..	3
Total	3,037	3,371	3,218	3,539	3,658

Adoption of Children

Provision for the legal adoption of children and the registration of each adoption are contained in the Adoption of Children Act.

The following table shows the number of legal adoptions (male and female) from 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—CHILDREN LEGALLY ADOPTED

Period	Number of Children Adopted	
	Males	Females
1963	834	780
1964	995	895
1965	1,005	946
1966	835	786
1967	1,011	1,057

Legitimations Registered

Until the operation of the Commonwealth *Marriage Act* 1961, on 1 September 1963, provision for the legitimation of children was contained in the Victorian *Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act* 1959. Legitimations registered under the provisions of the new Act numbered 482 in 1967.

Deaths

The following tables show the number of deaths and the death-rates per 1,000 of the mean population in each of the Australian States and Territories for each of the five years 1963 to 1967 :

AUSTRALIA—NUMBER OF DEATHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963 ..	37,226	26,920	13,275	8,201	5,976	2,818	161	317	94,894
1964 ..	39,487	27,548	14,523	8,906	6,429	3,174	164	363	100,594
1965 ..	38,949	28,031	14,114	8,788	6,274	3,043	161	355	99,715
1966 ..	40,546	28,673	14,861	9,323	6,772	3,159	154	441	103,929
1967 ..	39,613	28,373	14,736	9,071	6,779	3,228	527	376	102,703

AUSTRALIA—DEATH-RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory†	Australian Capital Territory†	Australia
1963 ..	9·20	8·85	8·46	8·14	7·68	7·82	5·3	4·3	8·70
1964 ..	9·61	8·87	9·07	8·61	8·06	8·71	5·0	4·5	9·04
1965 ..	9·33	8·86	8·64	8·26	7·70	8·27	4·6	4·0	8·79
1966 ..	9·57	8·90	8·93	8·54	8·09	8·50	4·1	4·6	8·99
1967 ..	9·19	8·66	8·65	8·16	7·73	8·57	8·9	3·6	8·69

* See note below summary table on page 146.

† Based on too few events to warrant calculation to second place of decimals.

Causes of Death

Classification

The Seventh (1955) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death was adopted for use in 1958.

The causes of death registered in Victoria in 1967, classified according to the abbreviated list of the Seventh (1955) Revision of the International List of Causes of Death, the proportion of total deaths from each cause, and the rate per million of mean population are shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—CAUSES OF DEATH: NUMBERS AND RATES,
1967

Cause of Death*	International List Numbers	Number of Deaths	Proportion of Total	Rate per 1,000,000 of Mean Population
1. Tuberculosis of Respiratory System ..	001-008	80	0.28	24
2. Tuberculosis—Other Forms ..	010-019	13	0.04	4
3. Syphilis and Its Sequelae ..	020-029	18	0.07	5
7. Scarlet Fever and Streptococcal Sore Throat	050,051	1	§	§
10. Meningococcal Infections ..	057	5	0.02	2
14. Measles ..	085	8	0.03	2
16. Malaria ..	110-117	1	§	§
17. All Other Diseases Classified as Infective and Parasitic ..	†	71	0.25	22
18. Malignant Neoplasms—				
Digestive Organs and Peritoneum ..	150-159	1,672	5.89	510
Lung ..	162, 163	773	2.73	236
Breast ..	170	422	1.48	129
Genital Organs ..	171-179	552	1.95	168
Urinary Organs ..	180, 181	211	0.74	64
Leukaemia and Aleukaemia ..	204	172	0.61	52
Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms ..	‡	795	2.80	243
19. Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms ..	210-239	57	0.20	17
20. Diabetes Mellitus ..	260	566	2.00	173
21. Anaemias ..	290-293	85	0.30	26
22. Vascular Lesions Affecting Central Nervous System ..	330-334	3,599	12.68	1,098
23. Non-Meningococcal Meningitis ..	340	22	0.08	7
24. Rheumatic Fever ..	400-402	5	0.02	2
25. Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease ..	410-416	221	0.78	67
26. { Arteriosclerotic Heart Disease ..	420	8,063	28.41	2,460
Degenerative Heart Disease ..	421, 422	1,086	3.83	331
Other Diseases of Heart ..	430-434	821	2.89	251
27. Hypertension with Heart Disease ..	440-443	335	1.19	102
28. Hypertension without Mention of Heart ..	444-447	178	0.62	54
29. Influenza ..	480-483	11	0.04	3
31. Pneumonia ..	490-493	882	3.11	269
32. Bronchitis ..	500-502	770	2.71	235
33. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum ..	540, 541	134	0.48	41
34. Appendicitis ..	550-553	13	0.04	4
35. Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia ..	560, 561, 570	93	0.33	28
36. Gastritis, Duodenitis, Enteritis and Colitis, except Diarrhoea of the Newborn ..	543, 571, 572	97	0.34	30
37. Cirrhosis of Liver ..	581	173	0.61	53
38. Nephritis and Nephrosis ..	590-594	186	0.66	57
39. Hyperplasia of Prostate ..	610	99	0.35	30
40. Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the Puerperium ..	{ 640-652, 660, 670-689	13	0.04	4
41. Congenital Malformations ..	750-759	265	0.94	81
42. Birth Injuries, Post-natal Asphyxia and Atelectasis ..	760-762	435	1.53	133
43. Infections of the Newborn ..	763-768	36	0.13	11
44. Other Diseases Peculiar to Early Infancy, and Immaturity Unqualified ..	769-776	215	0.75	66
45. Senility without Mention of Psychosis, Ill-defined and Unknown Causes ..	780-795	119	0.42	36
General Arteriosclerosis ..	450	761	2.68	232
Other Diseases of Circulatory System ..	451-468	386	1.37	118
46. { Other Diseases of Respiratory System ..	470-475, 510-527	329	1.15	100
All Other Diseases ..	Residual	1,170	4.13	357
47. Motor Vehicle Accidents ..	E810-E835	993	3.50	303
48. All Other Accidents ..	{ E800-E802, E840-E962	870	3.06	265
49. Suicide and Self-inflicted Injury ..	{ E963, E970-E979	440	1.56	134
50. Homicide and Operations of War ..	{ E964, E965, E980-E999	51	0.18	16
Total All Causes ..		28,373	100.00	8,658

* No deaths were recorded in the following categories in 1967: 4. Typhoid Fever (040), 5. Cholera (043), 6. Dysentery, all forms (045-048), 8. Diphtheria (055), 9. Whooping Cough (056), 11. Plague (058), 12. Acute Poliomyelitis (080), 13. Smallpox (084), 15. Typhus and Other Rickettsial Diseases (100-108).

† 030-039, 041, 042, 044, 049, 052-054, 059-074, 081-083, 086-096, 120-138.

‡ 140-148, 160, 161, 164, 165, 190-203, 205.

§ Too small to register within the limits of the table.

Deaths in 1967 comprised 15,659 males and 12,714 females.

The following table shows deaths in 1967, in certain age groups, detailing the main causes of death within those age groups :

VICTORIA—MAIN CAUSES OF DEATHS (IN AGE GROUPS), 1967

International List Numbers	Age Group and Cause of Death	Deaths from Specified Cause			
		In Age Group		At All Ages	
		Number	Per Cent	Number	Per Cent
	Under 1 Year	1,101	100·0		
762	Post-natal asphyxia and atelectasis	284	25·8	284	100·0
750-759	Congenital malformations	185	16·8	265	69·8
760-761	Birth injuries	151	13·7	151	100·0
774-776	Immaturity	124	11·2	124	100·0
480-502, 763	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	86	7·8	1,693	5·0
	Other causes	271	24·7		
	1-4 years	226	100·0		
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	93	41·1	2,354	4·0
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	23	10·2	4,597	0·5
750-759	Congenital malformations	20	8·9	265	7·5
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	13	5·7	1,693	0·8
001-138	Infective and parasitic diseases	11	4·9	197	5·6
	Other causes	66	29·2		
	5-14 years	193	100·0		
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	92	47·7	2,354	3·9
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	41	21·2	4,597	0·9
750-759	Congenital malformations	10	5·1	265	3·8
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	8	4·1	1,693	0·5
001-138	Infective and parasitic diseases	6	3·0	197	3·0
	Other causes	36	18·9		
	15-19 years	267	100·0		
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	198	74·2	2,354	8·4
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	23	8·6	4,597	0·5
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	7	2·6	10,531	†
750-759	Congenital malformations	6	2·2	265	2·2
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	5	1·9	1,693	0·3
	Other causes	28	10·5		
	20-24 years	283	100·0		
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	203	71·7	2,354	8·6
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	25	8·8	4,597	0·6
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	7	2·5	10,531	†
450-456	Diseases of arteries	5	1·8	1,017	0·4
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	3	1·1	1,693	0·1
	Other causes	40	14·1		
	25-34 years	497	100·0		
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	274	55·2	2,354	11·6
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	63	12·6	4,597	1·3
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	49	9·9	10,531	0·5
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	16	3·2	3,599	0·5
240-245	Allergic disorders	14	2·8	112	12·5
	Other causes	81	16·3		

* Includes Hodgkin's disease and the leukaemias.

† Less than 0·1.

VICTORIA—MAIN CAUSES OF DEATHS (IN AGE GROUPS), 1967—
continued

International List Numbers	Age Group and Cause of Death	Deaths from Specified Cause			
		In Age Group		At All Ages	
		Number	Per Cent	Number	Per Cent
	35-44 years	1,003	100·0		
800-899	Accidental and violent deaths	301	30·1	2,354	12·8
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	234	23·4	10,531	2·2
140-205	*Cancer (all forms)	206	20·6	4,597	4·5
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	57	5·7	3,599	1·5
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	20	2·0	1,693	1·2
	Other causes	185	18·2		
	45-54 years	2,294	100·0		
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	827	36·0	10,531	7·8
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	576	25·1	4,597	12·5
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	287	12·5	2,354	12·2
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	200	8·8	3,599	5·6
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	64	2·8	1,693	3·8
	Other causes	340	14·8		
	55-64 years	4,354	100·0		
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	1,824	41·9	10,531	17·3
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	1,050	24·1	4,597	22·9
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	412	9·5	3,599	11·4
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	255	5·8	2,354	10·9
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	199	4·5	1,693	11·8
	Other causes	614	14·2		
	65-74 years	7,191	100·0		
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	3,089	43·0	10,531	29·4
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	1,358	18·8	4,597	29·5
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	933	13·0	3,599	26·0
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	402	5·6	1,693	23·7
800-999	Accidental and violent deaths	267	3·7	2,354	11·3
	Other causes	1,142	15·9		
	75 years and over	10,959	100·0		
401, 410-443	Diseases of the heart	4,483	40·9	10,531	42·5
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	1,975	18·0	3,599	54·8
140-205	* Cancer (all forms)	1,229	11·2	4,597	26·7
480-502	Pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza	886	8·1	1,693	52·3
450-456	Diseases of the arteries	720	6·6	1,017	70·8
	Other causes	1,666	15·2		

* Includes Hodgkin's disease and the leukaemias.

Tuberculosis

The number of deaths ascribed to tuberculosis during 1967 was 93, the rate per million of mean population being 28.

Deaths from tuberculosis of the respiratory system in 1967 numbered 80 and equalled a rate of 24 per million of the mean population. Rates for earlier periods were 130 for 1950–54, 294 in 1945–49, 660 in 1918–22, 855 in 1908–12, and 1,365 in 1890–92. In 1967 tuberculosis of the respiratory system was responsible for 86 per cent of the total deaths from tuberculosis. Of the 61 males and 19 females dying from tuberculosis of the respiratory system in 1967, 9 males and 2 females were under the age of 45 years.

The introduction of compulsory chest X-rays for the detection and treatment of tuberculosis is discussed on pages 523–4.

Infective and Parasitic Diseases

There has been a remarkable decrease in both the incidence and mortality rate of certain infective and parasitic diseases since the beginning of the century. Particulars of the decreases in diseases such as tuberculosis, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, streptococcal sore throat, diphtheria, whooping cough, meningococcal infections, small-pox and measles appeared on pages 493 to 495 of the *Victorian Year Book* 1954–58.

The incidence of poliomyelitis in Victoria has been recorded since the year 1916, when the disease was added to the list of compulsorily notifiable diseases. Since that year the most serious epidemic occurred in 1937–38 when 2,096 cases were reported, resulting in 113 deaths. Other epidemics occurred in 1918 (303 cases, 21 deaths), 1925 (140 cases, 25 deaths), 1949 (760 cases, 48 deaths), and 1954 (569 cases, 36 deaths). There was one case of poliomyelitis reported during 1967 and no deaths from acute poliomyelitis or from late effects of acute poliomyelitis were registered during the year. Distribution of the Salk poliomyelitis vaccine began in July 1956, and there has been a marked decline in the number of cases reported since that date.

Malignant Neoplasms

Since 1950, deaths classified as malignant neoplasms include deaths from Hodgkin's disease and leukaemia and aleukaemia. These were not formerly included with neoplasms. Deaths from malignant neoplasms in 1967 numbered 4,597 and represented a rate of 1,403 per million of mean population.

Rates for previous periods were, 1,390 in 1966, 1,393 in 1965, 1,389 in 1964, and 1,437 in 1963.

Satisfactory comparisons of death-rates relating to malignant neoplasms are only obtained by relating the deaths to the number of persons in the community of the same sex, in age groups. This has been done for periods centred around the past six censuses, when the numbers of persons in age groups were accurately known, and the results are given in the following table :

**VICTORIA—DEATH-RATES FROM MALIGNANT
NEOPLASMS IN AGE GROUPS**

Age Group (Years)	Annual Deaths from Malignant Neoplasms per 10,000 of Each Sex in Each Age Group					
	1920-22	1932-34	1946-48	1953-55	1960-62	1965-67
MALES						
Under 5	0·46	0·27	0·60	1·11	1·06	0·79
5-9	0·13	0·20	0·34	0·98	0·85	0·95
10-14	0·14	0·24	0·24	0·69	0·59	0·57
15-19	0·30	0·37	0·61	0·93	0·95	0·86
20-24	0·64	0·73	0·69	1·27	0·86	1·25
25-34	0·76	0·93	1·20	1·32	1·34	1·62
35-44	3·31	3·04	3·00	4·01	3·93	4·50
45-54	13·94	10·13	11·65	13·25	14·54	14·64
55-64	40·46	37·25	32·73	36·99	41·16	42·09
65-74	78·21	85·19	80·46	82·41	90·40	98·12
75 and over	110·12	133·78	148·20	163·06	161·58	170·73
All Ages	9·52	11·63	13·51	13·76	14·15	14·90
FEMALES						
Under 5	0·39	0·38	0·48	1·37	1·04	0·68
5-9	0·17	0·17	0·18	0·60	0·92	0·66
10-14	0·05	0·08	0·40	0·71	0·64	0·46
15-19	0·15	0·17	0·04	0·49	0·66	0·71
20-24	0·30	0·39	0·60	0·56	0·99	0·82
25-34	1·28	1·57	1·75	1·81	1·88	1·50
35-44	6·61	6·00	6·23	6·14	5·76	5·38
45-54	19·14	17·31	16·47	16·46	15·02	16·40
55-64	34·48	35·82	33·40	30·93	30·20	30·30
65-74	63·05	61·17	61·44	59·38	50·34	57·01
75 and over	92·86	106·19	111·49	117·02	103·68	96·93
All Ages	9·63	12·00	14·50	14·16	13·12	13·00

Deaths from malignant neoplasms are prominent at most age periods, but the rates in the above table show characteristic increases with age, reaching a maximum mortality rate in the oldest age group.

Ninety-two per cent of the deaths from malignant neoplasms in the year 1967 were at ages 45 years and over.

The following table shows deaths from malignant neoplasms recorded in 1967 according to the site of the disease and in age groups :

VICTORIA—DEATHS FROM MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS BY SEX IN VARIOUS AGE GROUPS, 1967

Site of Disease*	Sex	Age Group (Years)				
		Under 25	25-44	45-64	65 and over	Total
Buccal Cavity and Pharynx (140-148)	M	..	4	28	32	64
	F	2	1	7	15	25
Oesophagus (150)	M	..	2	23	32	57
	F	..	..	15	32	47
Stomach (151)	M	1	6	85	184	276
	F	..	6	39	138	183
Intestine, except Rectum (152, 153)	M	2	10	83	126	221
	F	1	13	100	214	328
Rectum (154)	M	..	4	33	72	109
	F	..	2	30	69	101
Trachea, Bronchus and Lung, Not Specified as Secondary (162, 163)	M	..	25	275	372	672
	F	..	3	49	49	101
Breast (170)	M	..	..	..	1	1
	F	1	42	169	209	421
Cervix Uteri (171)	F	..	13	58	38	109
Other and Unspecified Parts of Uterus (172-174)	F	..	3	23	41	67
Ovary, Fallopian Tube, and Broad Ligament (175)	F	..	13	51	57	121
Prostate (177)	M	..	..	29	192	221
Kidney (180)	M	1	4	22	15	42
	F	..	..	12	23	35
Bladder and Other Urinary Organs (181)	M	..	..	26	66	92
	F	..	..	14	28	42
Brain and Other Parts of Nervous System (193)	M	14	13	35	11	73
	F	11	6	30	6	53
Leukaemia and Aleukaemia (204)	M	21	7	24	40	92
	F	20	11	20	29	80
Other Neoplasms of Lymphatic and Haematopoietic System (200-203, 205)	M	16	14	52	52	134
	F	3	11	37	41	92
All Other and Unspecified Sites	M	16	36	141	201	394
	F	6	20	116	202	344
Total	M	71	125	856	1,396	2,448
	F	44	144	770	1,191	2,149

* Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

Diabetes Mellitus

During 1967, diabetes was responsible for 254 male and 312 female deaths, representing a rate of 173 per million of the mean population.

Rates for previous periods were 181 in 1966, 166 in 1965, 163 in 1964, and 150 in 1963.

Vascular Lesions Affecting Central Nervous System

In 1967, 1,488 male and 2,111 female deaths were ascribed to vascular lesions affecting the central nervous system, the total corresponding to a rate of 1,098 per million of the mean population. The table on pages 161 and 162 shows that vascular lesions affecting the central nervous system appear as one of the leading causes of death at ages from 25 years and over; they have become an increasing proportion of deaths at higher ages accounting for 18 per cent of deaths at ages 75 years and over. Deaths from this cause according to sex and age are given below :

VICTORIA—DEATHS FROM VASCULAR LESIONS
AFFECTING CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM BY SEX
IN VARIOUS AGE GROUPS, 1967

Cause of Death*	Sex	Age Group (Years)					Total Deaths
		Under 45	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	
Subarachnoid Haemorrhage (330)	M	19	23	16	6	6	70
	F	21	37	37	30	23	148
Cerebral Haemorrhage (331) ..	M	20	63	135	265	365	848
	F	12	47	124	313	670	1,166
Cerebral Embolism and Thrombosis (332)	M	2	16	55	125	228	426
	F	2	11	28	117	429	587
Other and Ill-defined Vascular Lesions Affecting Central Nervous System (334)	M	3	3	14	43	81	144
	F	..	..	3	34	173	210
Total	M	44	105	220	439	680	1,488
	F	35	95	192	494	1,295	2,111

* Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

Diseases of the Heart

During 1967, there were 10,531 deaths ascribed to diseases of the heart including five due to rheumatic fever with heart involvement, 221 due to chronic rheumatic heart disease, 9,149 to arteriosclerotic and degenerative heart disease, 821 to other diseases of the heart, and 335 to hypertension with heart disease. The total of

these causes in 1967 represented a rate of 3,213 per million of the mean population. Only a small proportion of deaths from heart diseases occurs at ages under 45 years of age. However, as the tables on pages 161 and 162 show, increases in the number of deaths from heart diseases are already apparent at ages between 25 and 45 years, and become an increasing proportion of deaths with increase in age, accounting for 41 per cent of deaths at ages 75 and over.

The following table shows deaths in Victoria in 1967 from heart diseases, according to sex and age group :

VICTORIA—DEATHS FROM HEART DISEASES BY SEX IN VARIOUS AGE GROUPS, 1967

Cause of Death*	Sex	Age Group (Years)					Total Deaths
		Under 45	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	
Rheumatic Fever with Heart Involvement (401)	{ M	2	..	1	..	..	3
	{ F	1	..	..	..	1	2
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease (410-416) ..	{ M	14	21	29	21	12	97
	{ F	13	27	32	30	22	124
Arteriosclerotic Heart Disease, including Coronary Disease (420)	{ M	174	563	1,186	1,633	1,455	5,011
	{ F	27	118	377	957	1,573	3,052
Degenerative Heart Disease (421, 422)	{ M	32	44	67	95	256	494
	{ F	14	14	23	84	457	592
Other Diseases of Heart (430-434)	{ M	17	14	49	99	223	402
	{ F	7	11	16	78	307	419
Hypertension with Heart Disease (440-443)	{ M	5	12	22	48	56	143
	{ F	2	3	22	44	121	192
Total	{ M	244	654	1,354	1,896	2,002	6,150
	{ F	64	173	470	1,193	2,481	4,381

*Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

Diseases of the Respiratory System

In 1967, deaths from diseases of the respiratory system numbered 1,992 which represented a rate of 608 per million of the mean population. Of these deaths in 1967, 11 were due to influenza, 90 to lobar pneumonia, 674 to broncho-pneumonia, 118 to other and unspecified pneumonia, 770 to bronchitis, 11 to empyema and abscess of lung, one to pleurisy, 30 to pulmonary congestion and hypostasis, 24 to bronchiectasis, and 263 to other diseases.

The 11 deaths from influenza in 1967 represented a rate of three per million of the mean population. Eight of the eleven deaths were of persons over 50 years of age.

Diseases of the Digestive System

In 1967, there were 391 male and 298 female deaths from diseases of the digestive system, representing a rate of 180 per million of the mean population. Deaths from causes in this group in 1967 were : 134 from ulcers of the stomach and duodenum, three from gastritis and duodenitis, 13 from appendicitis, 93 from intestinal obstruction and hernia, 45 from gastro-enteritis and colitis, except diarrhoea of the newborn, 49 from chronic enteritis and ulcerative colitis, 173 from cirrhosis of the liver, 53 from cholelithiasis and cholecystitis, and 175 from other diseases.

Diseases of the Genito-urinary System

In 1967, there were 531 deaths attributed to diseases of the genito-urinary system. This number represented a rate of 162 per million of the mean population. In 1967, nephritis and nephrosis were responsible for 186 deaths, infections of the kidney for 160, calculi of the urinary system for 10, hyperplasia of prostate for 99, and other diseases of the genito-urinary system for 76.

Accidental Deaths

The following table shows particulars of deaths in Victoria registered in 1967 which were due to accidents. These represented 7 per cent of the total deaths. Accidents feature as the main cause of death after the first year of life until middle age, but in age groups from 40 years onward they progressively assume a less prominent position.

VICTORIA—ACCIDENTAL DEATHS, 1967

International List No.	Cause of Death	Males	Females	Total
E800-E802	Railway accidents	15	4	19
E810-E835	Motor vehicle accidents	727	266	993
E840-E845	Other road vehicle accidents	10	4	14
E850-E858	Water transport accidents	16	..	16
E860-E866	Aircraft accidents	9	1	10
E870-E888	Accidental poisoning by solid and liquid substances	54	48	102
E890-E895	Accidental poisoning by gases and vapours	20	21	41
E900-E904	Accidental falls	123	213	336
E912	Accident caused by machinery	24	..	24
E914	Accident caused by electric current	9	2	11
E916	Accident caused by fire and explosion of combustible material	64	18	82
E917, E918	Accident caused by hot substance, corrosive liquid, steam, and radiation	3	1	4
E919	Accident caused by firearm	23	1	24
E924, E925	Accidental mechanical suffocation	6	4	10
E928	Accidents caused by animals	2	..	2
E929	Accidental drowning and submersion	80	14	94
E910, E911, E913, E915, E920-E923, E926, E930-E934, E936, E940-E946, E950-E959, E960-E962	} All other accidental causes	65	16	81
	Total	1,250	613	1,863

For the five years 1963 to 1967, female deaths from accidents were 33 per cent of total accidental deaths.

Accidental Deaths Involving Motor Vehicles

The number of motor vehicles (including motor cycles) registered in Victoria and the deaths in which they were involved, were as follows for the years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—DEATHS INVOLVING MOTOR VEHICLES

Year	Number of Motor Vehicles on Register at 30 June	Deaths Involving Motor Vehicles		
		Number*	Per 10,000 Motor Vehicles	Per 1,000,000 of Mean Population
1963	931,543	827	8·9	271
1964	989,985	832	8·4	266
1965	1,049,814	907	8·6	283
1966	1,092,980	918	8·4	285
1967	1,136,548	993	8·7	303

*Deaths of pedestrians included in this column numbered 260, 254, 238, 242, and 260 respectively.

Transport Accidents

In 1967, deaths from all transport accidents numbered 1,052, as against 968 in 1966, 957 in 1965, 895 in 1964, and 886 in 1963.

During the year 1967, deaths connected with transport represented 56 per cent of the total deaths from accidents.

Suicide and Self-inflicted Injury

In 1967, registrations of deaths from suicide or wilfully self-inflicted injury numbered 271 males and 169 females. These deaths represented a rate of 134 per million of the population as compared with 109 in 1966, 109 in 1965, 104 in 1964, and 119 in 1963.

Of the 271 male deaths in 1967, 83 were connected with firearms and explosives, and 79 with poisoning by analgesic and soporific substances. The latter accounted for 115 of the 169 female deaths.

Homicide

The number of deaths ascribed to homicide and registered in 1967 was 44 (24 males and 20 females).

Deaths from criminal abortion are excluded from this category and are included with deaths from maternal causes.

Maternal, Perinatal, and Infant Mortality

An article on maternal, perinatal and infant mortality in Victoria appeared in the *Victorian Year Book* 1964, pages 152 to 160.

Infant Mortality Statistics

The mortality of children under one year, in proportion to live births, has revealed a remarkable decline. The deaths per 1,000 children born fell from 133 in 1885-89 to eighteen in 1963-67 (a reduction of 86 per cent). In other words, of every 100 infants who died in the earlier period, only fourteen would have died in the latter.

A significant part of the improvement in the rate in recent years has been effected in relation to deaths of infants during the first four weeks of life, commentary on which appears on the following pages.

The following tables show the number of infant deaths and the infant death-rate per 1,000 live births in each of the Australian States and Territories for the years 1963 to 1967 :

AUSTRALIA—INFANT DEATHS

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963 ..	1,673	1,242	722	399	353	153	27	38	4,607
1964 ..	1,634	1,098	673	397	328	166	30	41	4,367
1965 ..	1,492	1,109	598	385	352	125	23	34	4,118
1966 ..	1,490	1,116	581	356	329	108	19	46	4,045
1967 ..	1,452	1,101	678	346	313	130	122	44	4,186

AUSTRALIA—INFANT MORTALITY RATES*

Year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
1963 ..	19.9	18.9	20.1	18.7	20.4	17.9	31.4	19.0	19.55
1964 ..	20.3	16.9	19.2	19.0	19.7	20.1	32.9	21.0	19.06
1965 ..	19.1	17.5	17.8	18.4	21.7	16.6	25.2	15.8	18.48
1966 ..	19.2	17.4	17.7	17.5	19.3	14.6	†	19.8	18.17
1967 ..	18.4	16.8	19.5	17.0	17.4	17.2	63.5	18.3	18.26

* Number of deaths under one year of age per 1,000 live births.

† Less than 20 deaths; rates not calculated.

The infant death-rates for the Melbourne Statistical Division, for the remainder of the State, and for the whole State, for the years 1963 to 1967, are shown in the following table. Figures relate to the Melbourne Statistical Division as defined for the Census, 1966 (see pages 124-5).

VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY

Year	Melbourne Statistical Division		Remainder of State		Victoria	
	Number of Deaths under One Year	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	Number of Deaths under One Year	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	Number of Deaths under One Year	Rate per 1,000 Live Births
1963	810	18.7	432	19.4	1,242	18.9
1964	717	16.5	381	17.7	1,098	16.9
1965	738	17.0	371	18.4	1,109	17.5
1966	784	17.8	332	16.7	1,116	17.4
1967	746	16.4	355	17.8	1,101	16.8

NOTE.—Births and deaths are allotted to the place of usual residence of the parties. In the cases of births and infant deaths, the mother's residence is considered to be that of the child.

Infant death-rates have shown a decrease in each quinquennial period from 1885 onwards. In 1954, the rate fell below 20 per 1,000 births for the first time. In 1967, the rate was 16.8, the lowest ever recorded in Victoria.

The decrease in the infant death-rate, since the earlier periods, has been shared proportionally by each age group except that of "under one week". The rate per 1,000 births for infants "under one week" has declined from 21.5 in the quinquennium 1910-14 to 11.7 in 1963-67. The rate for infants "one week and under one month" declined from 11.1 in 1910-14 to 1.5 in 1963-67, a decrease of 86 per cent, and that for infants "one month and under one year"

from 41.2 to 4.2, a decrease of 90 per cent. Between the ages of one month and one year, Victoria lost 64 out of every 1,000 children born in 1900-04, 33 in 1915-19, and 4 in 1963-67. In 1967 the mortality of infants "under one week" comprised 68 per cent of the total infant mortality.

The following tables show mortality rates at certain ages under one year for the years 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY AT CERTAIN AGES

Year	Deaths under One Year per 1,000 Live Births							Males	Females
	Under One Week	One Week and under One Month	One Month and under Three Months	Three Months and under Six Months	Six Months and under Twelve Months	Total under One Year			
1963 ..	13.2	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.4	18.9	21.3	16.4	
1964 ..	11.4	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	16.9	18.8	14.8	
1965 ..	11.0	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	17.5	19.2	15.6	
1966 ..	11.7	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	17.4	18.8	16.0	
1967 ..	11.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.1	16.8	18.2	15.3	

VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY AT CERTAIN AGES, BY SEX, 1967

Sex	Under One Week	One Week and under One Month	One Month and under Three Months	Three Months and under Six Months	Six Months and under Twelve Months	Total under One Year
Males—						
Number	417	46	57	50	41	611
Rate*	12.4	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.2	18.2
Percentage of Deaths in Each Age Group ..	68.24	7.53	9.33	8.18	6.72	100.00
Females—						
Number	327	38	43	48	34	490
Rate*	10.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.1	15.3
Percentage of Deaths in Each Age Group ..	66.73	7.75	8.78	9.80	6.94	100.00

* Number of deaths in each age group per 1,000 live births.

The rate for male infants is consistently higher than that for females, and in the period 1963-67 exceeded the female rate by 23 per cent.

In 1967, in the group of causes of death peculiar to early infancy, 514 were connected with immaturity, either directly or in association with other causes, and all but one of these deaths were of children under one month of age. The deaths connected with immaturity represented 47 per cent of the total infant deaths. Congenital malformations were responsible for 185, or 17 per cent, of the infant deaths. It will thus be seen that 64 per cent of the total infant mortality in 1967 was related to congenital malformations and to immaturity in the manner described.

The following table shows the number of deaths of infants at certain ages, by cause, in 1967 :

**VICTORIA—INFANT MORTALITY AT CERTAIN AGES,
BY CAUSE, 1967**

Cause of Death*	Deaths under One Year					Total under One Year
	Under One Week	One Week and under One Month	One Month and under Three Months	Three Months and under Six Months	Six Months and under Twelve Months	
Infective and Parasitic Diseases (001-138)	1	2	2	4	5	14
Pneumonia and Bronchitis (490-493, 500-502) .. .. .	..	..	18	25	10	53
Gastro-enteritis and Colitis (Except Ulcerative), Age Four Weeks and over (571) .. .. .	..	..	3	4	4	11
Congenital Malformations (750-759) ..	86	39	31	15	14	185
Certain Diseases of Early Infancy—						
Birth Injuries (760, 761)—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity	50	3	1	..	..	54
(b) With Immaturity	93	4	..	..	..	97
Postnatal Asphyxia and Atelectasis (762)—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	50	1	..	1	1	53
(b) With Immaturity	227	4	..	..	..	231
Infections of the Newborn (763-768)—						
Pneumonia of Newborn—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	11	4	..	..	..	15
(b) With Immaturity	10	5	..	..	..	15
Diarrhoea of Newborn—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) With Immaturity .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	1
Other Infections of the Newborn—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	3	1	..	..	..	4
(b) With Immaturity	1	..	..	..	..	1
Other Diseases Peculiar to Early Infancy (769-775)—						
(a) Without Mention of Immaturity ..	35	4	3	1	2	45
(b) With Immaturity	48	4	1	..	..	53
Immaturity Unqualified (776)	115	1	..	..	..	116
All Other Diseases	12	10	34	41	31	128
Accidents, Poisonings, and Violence ..	2	1	7	7	8	25
Total All Causes	744	84	100	98	75	1,101

* Figures in parentheses are in respect of the Seventh Revision of the International List of Causes of Death.

A comparison of infant mortality rates from the principal causes for certain periods from 1891 to 1949 was shown on page 506 of the *Victorian Year Book* 1954-58.

Stillbirths

Registration of stillbirths came into operation in Victoria in 1953. For registration purposes, a stillborn child means "any child born of its mother after the 28th week of pregnancy, which did not at any time after being born, breathe or show any other sign of life, and, where the duration of pregnancy is not reliably ascertainable, includes any foetus weighing not less than 2lb 12 oz." Action is being taken with a view to having a uniform definition of stillbirth for all States, using the 20th week of pregnancy.

The following table contains information about stillbirths and infant mortality in Victoria from 1963 to 1967 :

VICTORIA—STILLBIRTHS AND INFANT MORTALITY

Year	Stillbirths		Deaths under One Month		Deaths under One Month plus Stillbirths		Deaths under One Year plus Stillbirths	
	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)	Number	Rate per 1,000 Births (Live and Still)
1963 ..	792	11·92	977	14·70	1,769	26·63	2,034	30·61
1964 ..	771	11·72	840	12·77	1,611	24·50	1,869	28·42
1965 ..	747	11·62	807	12·55	1,554	24·17	1,856	28·87
1966 ..	762	11·76	844	13·03	1,606	24·80	1,878	28·99
1967 ..	797	12·02	828	12·49	1,625	24·52	1,898	28·64

Stillbirths registered in 1967 totalled 797. Medical reports on cause of stillbirth were available in 692 cases and the causes in these cases are tabulated below according to the International Statistical Classification :

VICTORIA—CAUSES OF STILLBIRTHS, 1967

Classification Number	Cause of Stillbirth	Number of Stillbirths
Y 30 ..	Chronic Disease in Mother	12
Y 31 ..	Acute Disease in Mother	5
Y 32 ..	Diseases and Conditions of Pregnancy and Childbirth	103
Y 33 ..	Absorption of Toxic Substance from Mother .. .. .	..
Y 34 ..	Difficulties in Labour	60
Y 35 ..	Other Causes in Mother	4
Y 36 ..	Placental and Cord Conditions	174
Y 37 ..	Birth Injury	2
Y 38 ..	Congenital Malformation of Foetus	72
Y 39 ..	Diseases of Foetus, and Ill-defined Causes	260
	Medical Report not available	105
	Total	797

Cremation

There are now four crematoria in Victoria, of which three are situated in the Metropolitan Area.

The number of cremations in relation to total deaths from 1963 to 1967 is shown in the following table :

VICTORIA—CREMATIONS AND DEATHS

Year						Total Cremations	Total Deaths	Percentage of Cremations to Deaths
1963	..	..	..	..	..	8,782	26,920	32·62
1964	..	..	..	..	..	9,832	27,548	35·69
1965	..	..	..	..	..	9,857	28,031	35·16
1966	..	..	..	..	..	10,362	28,673	36·14
1967	..	..	..	..	..	10,173	28,373	35·85